THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER
IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,
BY H. J. STAHLE.

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ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates.—Large reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING, of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest handbill or poster—done with dispatch, in a workmanlike manner, and at the lowest living rates.

OFFICE on Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-House, on the opposite side, with "Gettysburg Compiler Office" on the building.

GETTYSBURG COMPILER.

BY H. J. STAHLE. GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JULY 8, 1868. 50TH YEAR.--NO. 39.

Attornies, Physicians, &c.

JOS. H. LEFEVER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, LITTLESTOWN, PA.. Will promptly attend to collections, conveyances, writing of deeds, leases, &c., and all other business entrusted to his care.

Office on Frederick street, at the office formerly of Dr. Minch, and latterly that of Drs. Kinzer and Mehring.

May 24, 1868. 1y*

J. C. NEELY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and back-pay. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond.

Gettysburg, April 6, 1865. tf

EDWARD B. BUEHLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.

Gettysburg, March 20.

D. McCONAUGHY, JOHN M. KRAUTH,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS.

D. McCONAUGHY has associated JOHN M. KRAUTH, Esq., in the Practice of the Law, at his office, one door west of Buehler's Drug Store, Chambersburg street.

Special attention given to suits, collections and settlement of estates. All legal business and claims for Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and Damages against United States, at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to.

Land Warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other Western states.

Nov. 29, 1867.

WM. A. DUNCAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him, including the prosecuting of Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all other claims against the United States and State Governments.

Office in North-west corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

April 15, 1867. tf

Dr. W. J. McCLURE,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR, Having permanently located in New Oxford, will practice his profession in all its branches. His friends and all others desiring his professional services are requested to call and consult him at his office, in Hanover street.

May 20, 1867. tf

Dr. F. C. WOLF,

HAVING LOCATED AT EAST BERLIN, ADAMS COUNTY, Hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage.

April 2, 1868. tf

Dr. C. W. BENSON

HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at his house, corner of Loundard street and Foundry alley, near the Railroad. Special attention given to Skin Diseases.

Littlestown, Nov. 8, 1867.

Dr. J. A. HEMSTONE

HAVING located at NEW SALEM, Franklin township, Adams county, offers his professional services to the public. He hopes, by strict attention to professional duties, to merit a share of patronage.

May 29, 1868. tf

DR. D. M. ECKENRODE,

HAVING just returned from the University of Maryland and Hospitals of Baltimore, has located at FREDERICKSBURG, and offers his professional services to the public.

April 24, 1868. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'NEAL'S

OFFICE AND DWELLING, A few doors from the N. E. corner of Baltimore and High streets, near the Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg, Pa.

April 15, 1867.

J. LAWRENCE HILL, M. D.,

DENTIST.

Has his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D., Prof. M. L. Stoever.

Gettysburg, April 11, '68.

GLOBE INN,

GETTYSBURG STREET,

LITTLESTOWN, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

THE undersigned, having purchased the "Globe Inn" property, in Gettysburg street, Littlestown, would most respectfully invite a share of the public's patronage.

He promises the best the market can afford for his table, with the choicest liquors in his bar, and comfortable beds and chambers. With considerable experience, he thinks he can justly claim that he knows how to keep a hotel.

There is large stabling attached, as well as grass lots for drovers. An attentive ostler always on hand—none other than an accommodating one allowed on the premises.

He invites a large share of custom, and will spare no effort to deserve it.

JOHN GREEN.

Littlestown, May 29, 1868. tf

GLOBE INN,

YORK STREET, NEAR THE DIAMOND,

GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has purchased that long established and well known Hotel, the "Globe Inn," in York street, Gettysburg, and will spare no effort to conduct it in a manner that will not detract from its former high reputation. His table will have the best the market can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of wines and liquors. There is large stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by attentive ostlers. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public's patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember, the "Globe Inn" is in York street, but near the Diamond, or Public Square.

SAMUEL WOLF.

April 3, 1868. tf

KEYSTONE HOUSE,

CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.,

WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.

THIS is a new House, fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant, central and convenient. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests. The Table will always have the best of the market, and the Bar the best of wines and liquors.

There is commodious Stabling attached, with an accommodating ostler always on hand.

This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and a share of patronage is solicited. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction.

Jan. 14, 1867. tf

EAGLE HOTEL,

NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

THE undersigned having purchased the Martin Hotel property, in New Oxford, Adams county, will conduct it in future, under the name of the "Eagle Hotel." He pledges himself to spare no effort for the comfort of his guests. His table shall have the best the market can afford, and his bar the choicest liquors. His chambers are spacious, and neatly fall to give satisfaction. There is commodious stabling attached to the Hotel, which will be attended by a reliable and accommodating ostler. The proprietor hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage, and will always try to deserve it. Remember the "Eagle," in the northeast corner of the Diamond, New Oxford,

HENRY WIEST.

March 13, 1868. tf

EVERHART'S

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

CORNER OF HOWARD & FRANKLIN STREETS, BALTIMORE, MD.

This House is on a direct line between the Northern Central and Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Depots. It has been refitted and comfortably arranged for the convenience and the entertainment of guests.

Nov. 29, 1865. tf

WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE WAR,

Its Causes, Character, Conduct and Results.

BY GOV. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

A Book for all Sections and all Parties.

THIS great work presents the only complete and impartial analysis of the Causes of the War yet published, and gives intense interior light as to the workers of the great conflict only known to the high officers who watched the Secret Springs of revolution from its fountain springs, and which were as accessible to Mr. Stephens from his position as a second officer of the confederacy.

The public mind has been surfeited with APPARENTLY SIMILAR PUBLICATIONS. We promise a change of fare, both agreeable and salutary, and an intellectual feast of the highest order. The Official Record of the WAR AT ART found a historian worthy of its importance, and at whose hands it will receive that considered, candid and impartial treatment which upon such issues is naturally desired.

The immense degree of interest manifested to obtain this work, in Official circles and ready sale, accompanied with an increased confidence, justify the best subscription book ever published.

Live Agents in Reiton, Pa., reports 70 subscribers in three days.

One in Boston, Mass., 108 subscribers in four days.

One in Montana, Terr., 127 subscribers in four days. Many others have had equal success, and a full outfit furnished free. Send for circulars of the work, with liberal terms of advancement to agents, &c.

Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.,

No. 723 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

May 1, 1868. 3m

LIQUOR Cordials, Brandy and Wines, at CUNNINGHAM'S.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

AND

Hoofland's German Tonic.

THE GREAT REMEDIES

FOR ALL DISEASES OF

THE LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medically termed, *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely *free from alcoholic admixtures of any kind.*

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters, with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, &c., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

Hoofland's German Bitters.

Those who have no objection to the combination of the Bitters, as stated, will use

Hoofland's German Tonic.

They are both equally good, and contain the same medical virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged. The Liver, sympathizing as it does with the Stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

CONSTIPATION, FLATULENCE, INWARD PILES, FULLNESS OF BLOOD TO THE HEAD, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, NAUSEA, HEART-BURN, DISGUST FOR FOOD, FULLNESS OR WEIGHT IN THE STOMACH, SOUR ERUCTATIONS, SINKING OR FLUTTERING AT THE PIT OF THE STOMACH, SWIMMING OF THE HEAD, HURRIED OR DIFFICULT BREATHING, FLUTTERING AT THE HEART, CHOKING OR SUFFOCATING SENSATIONS WHEN IN A LYING POSTURE, DIMNESS OF VISION, DOTS OR WEBS BEFORE THE SIGHT, DULL PAIN IN THE HEAD, DEFICIENCY OF PERSPIRATION, YELLOWNESS OF THE SKIN AND EYES, PAIN IN THE SIDE, BACK, CHEST, LIMBS, ETC., SUDDEN FLUSHES OF HEAT, BURNING IN THE FLESH, CONSTANT IMAGININGS OF EVIL, AND GREAT DEPRESSION OF SPIRITS.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which he is assured from his investigations and inquiries possesses true merit, is skillfully compounded, is free from injurious ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of those diseases. In this connection we would submit those well-known remedies—

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

PREPARED BY *DR. C. M. JACKSON,* PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Twenty-two years since they were first introduced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefited suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY,

Resulting from any Cause whatever; PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM, Induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposures, Fevers, &c.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheek, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

PERSONS ADVANCED IN LIFE,

And feeling the hand of time weighing heavy upon them, will all find an attendant ills will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instil new life into the veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE.

It is a well-established fact that fully one-half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health; or, to use their own expression, "never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail.

Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietors, but space will allow of the publication of but few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS.

Hon. Geo. W. Woodward,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pa., writes:

Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

"I find 'Hoofland's German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system. Yours truly,

GEO. W. WOODWARD."

Hon. James Thompson,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, April 28, 1866.

"I consider 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a *valuable medicine* in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it. Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMPSON."

From Rev. Joseph H. Kennard, D. D.,

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir: I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere, I have in all cases declined; but with a clear proof in various instances and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes. Yours, very respectfully,

J. H. KENNARD,

Eighth, below Coates St.

From Rev. E. D. Fendall,

Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philada.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver. Yours truly, E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No. 631 ARCH Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHARLES M. EVANS, Proprietor,

Formerly C. M. JACKSON & Co.

PRICES.

Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle, - $1 00
" " " half dozen, - 5 00
Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles, $1 50 per bottle, or a half dozen for $7 50.

☞ Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine.

☞ For sale by Druggists generally.

June 17, 1868. 1y

SPEER'S

PORT GRAPE WINE,

Used by Hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion Purposes.

ALSO,

Excellent for Ladies and Weakly Persons

TO USE.

VINEYARDS, NEW JERSEY.

Speer's Port Grape Wine, Four Years Old.

THIS justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this country.

Tonic and Strengthening Properties

Are unsurpassed by any other native Wine. Being the pure juice of the grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is, in every respect,

A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Invalids use Speer's Port Grape Wine. Families use Speer's Port Grape Wine. Weakly persons find a benefit by its use. Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other Wines.

Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

☞ The Trade supplied by Johnson, Holloway & Cowden, and French, Richards & Co., in Philadelphia.

A. Speer's Vineyard, New Jersey, Office, 348 Broadway, New York.

August 30, 1867. 1y

O YES! O YES!

Andrew Potter,

LICENSED AUCTIONEER,

OFFERS his services to the public. Sales Cried in any part of the county, on reasonable terms. All communications addressed to him in the meantime, at Bonham's Hotel, will be promptly attended to. All sales entrusted to him will be sure to receive satisfaction. All sales, Post Office address, Gettysburg, Pa.

June 5, 1868. tf

PRINTING PAPER, first quality, and cheaper than ever before, can be had at BUEHLER'S BOOK STORE.

BARGAINS

AT THE

NEW GROCERY

IN GETTYSBURG.

JOHN CRESS & SON

HAVE opened a new GROCERY, in Gettysburg, on the north-west corner of the Public Square, and have just received a splendid assortment of FRESH

GROCERIES,

including Sugars, Coffees, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c.

Also, QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS, Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED-STUFFS.

Having purchased for CASH, we are prepared to sell very cheap. Give us a call and judge for yourselves.

JOHN CRESS,
J. W. CRESS.

Sept. 27, 1867. tf

GREEN RIDGE STORE.

THE undersigned has opened a GROCERY AND NOTION STORE, at Green Ridge, Hamilton township, Adams county, (Henry's old stand,) on the Carlisle Turnpike, to which he invites the attention of the *public generally. His stock consists of*

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SPICES, ESSENCES, OILS, MEDICINES;

MEN'S AND WOMEN'S HOSE, GLOVES, SUSPENDERS, NECK TIES, HANDKERCHIEFS, BUTTONS, THREADS, BRUSHES, &C., &C., &C., &C.,

in short, a full assortment of everything usually found in a first-class store of the kind. His stock will always be found fresh and full, and his prices among the very lowest. No effort spared to please all who may patronize him.

JOHN U. RUFF.

April 24, 1868. 1y

1868. DESIRABLE 1868.

DRY GOODS!

Most Excellent Assortments!

I SELL for very small profits, and aim at doing a very large business.

FASHIONABLE SHADES OF FINE SILK POPLINS,
FASHIONABLE SHADES OF FRENCH WOOL POPLINS,
FASHIONABLE SHADES OF ALPACA POPLINS,
FRENCH CHINTZES, PIQUES, PERCALES AND LAWNS,
BLACK SILKS, FANCY SILKS, PLAID SILKS,
SWISS MUSLINS, JACONET MUSLINS, CAMBRICS,
BLACK ALPACA, COLORED ALPACA, BLACK ALL WOOL DELAINE,
RISTORI SHAWLS, CASHMERE SHAWLS, THIBET SHAWLS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CLOAKINGS, LINEN DRILLING, COTTONADE,
TABLE COVERS, TABLE LINEN, NAPKINS, TOWELS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS, HOOP SKIRTS,
PLAIN LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS, HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS,
MEN'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S GLOVES AND HOSIERY.

I am constantly receiving the latest styles of Dress and Fancy Goods. My stock comprises everything usually found in a first-class DRY GOODS STORE, to which I invite the attention of the public, feeling assured that I can safely challenge comparison with all other stores in quality of goods and lowness of price.

J. L. SCHICK.

Gettysburg, May 1, 1868. tf

LET ALL THE PEOPLE COME!

Fancy Goods and Confectionery Store.

THE undersigned, having bought out J. M. Warner's Fancy Goods and Confectionery Store, on Baltimore street, nearly opposite Fahnestocks' Store, Gettysburg, invites the public's patronage. Large and tasteful as the stock has been, no effort will be spared to render it still more attractive and desirable. He now offers

Writing Desks,
Work Boxes,
Portfolios,
Satchels,
Pocket Books,
China Toys,
Pocket Cutlery,
Jewelry,
Chess,
Brushes,
Perfumery,
Soaps,
Combs,
Fruits,
Nuts,
Syrups,
Plain Candy,
Fancy do.,
Pickled Fish,
Sardines,
Lobsters,
Chow-chow,
Fancy Cakes,
Ferena Crackers,
Wine Biscuits,
Musroon do.,
Fire Works,
Pens & Pencils,
Writing Papers,
Envelopes,
Tobacco & Segars,
&c., &c., &c.,

"TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION."

He intends to sell everything at the lowest possible prices, believing that "small profits and quick sales," and are therefore best for buyer and seller. Come one—come all!

A. R. FEISTEL.

March 27, 1868. tf

HITESHEW'S

NEW GOODS

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

HAVING *just returned from the city* with a large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,
GROCERIES, DRUGS,
QUEENS-WARE, HARD-WARE,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,

I call the attention of my customers and the community to my large stock of Goods, which I am now offering at lower rates than they have been since the war, and at prices which cannot fail to strike the purchaser as cheap. With every facility for purchasing Goods at as low figures as any in the trade, I am also prepared to meet competition in low prices from any and all quarters.

Prompt conformity to the lowest market prices is my established rule.

E. HITESHEW.

Petersburg, (Y. S.,) May 1, 1868. tf

GROCERY & FLOUR STORE.

REMOVAL.

MEALS & BROTHER

HAVE removed their Store to the Neinstadt property, on Chambersburg street, where they propose to keep constantly on hand

ALL KINDS OF

GROCERIES,

Flour, Feed, Notions, &c.

Also, VEGETABLES in season, fresh from the city and country. They are determined to sell cheap as the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

MEALS & BRO.

April 10, 1868. tf

Farmers, Attend to Your Interests!

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others, that he is still manufacturing various kinds of castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND POWERS,
(five different sizes of Powers,) CLOVER-SEED HULLERS AND CLEANERS, CORN SHELLERS AND SEPARATORS, CORN FODDER CUTTERS, STRAW AND HAY CUTTERS; CORN PLANTERS;

PLOUGHS,

such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Sidehill and Corn Ploughs; the

WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,

the latest improvement; also SHERMAN'S SELF-DISCHARGING HORSE RAKE.

He will likewise manufacture

MOWERS AND REAPERS,

METAL SCREWS for Cider Presses,

IRON RAILING for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low rates.

FOR SALE.—A One-horse Wagon.

DAVID STERNER.

April 10, 1868. tf

Osborn Manufacturing Company,

166 Bleecker Street, N. Y.,

"OSBORN" BIRD AND ANIMAL CAGES,

Manufactured solely by this Company at Bridgeport, Conn., under Letters of Patent of the United States.

These Cages are of a great variety of styles and finish, and include

Canary, Parrot, Mocking Bird, Squirrel, &c.

They are finished in a superior manner; SO PAINT OF ANY DESCRIPTION—which is so fatal to birds and animals—being used in their construction. THEY ARE VERMIN PROOF. Bird Fanciers will appreciate these points of excellence, to be found in no other cages. They received the highest premium at the American Institute and New York State Fairs of 1867.

Liberal discount to the Trade. Send for Circulars and Price List. [April 24, 1868. 3m

DOTY'S CLOTHES WASHER.

Extract from Report of Farmers' Club, N. York, 1867

"WASHING MACHINES.—Wm. D. Osborn, Port Byron, Cayuga county, N. Y., said: 'Will the Club ask me to explain or defend Doty's machine? Is it economy to pay fourteen dollars for one of Doty's machines? Will it wash farmers' clothes clean, and not be too hard work for the women? Washing machines have an generally proved failures that I am afraid of throwing away my money upon one.'

"MR. ROBINSON.—If you had to pay ten times the money FOR BEDDING it would be the best investment you ever made upon your farm. But you must not have that stone. Get the Universal Clothes Wringer with it, and your wife and children will rise up and call you blessed. Put they will last washing made easy."

Sold by

R. C. BROWNING, General Agent,

Corner Market Square, Harrisburg, Pa.

And by Druggists and Storekeepers every where.

June 5, 1868. 3m

FOR nice Prints, Checks, Ginghams, Muslins, &c., go to BOW & WOODS.

PRETTY STANZAS.

Leaf by leaf the roses fall,
Drop by drop the springs run dry;
One by one beyond recall,
Summer roses fade and die;
But the roses bloom again,
And the springs will rush anew,
In the pleasant April rain,
And the summer sun and dew.

So in hour of deepest gloom,
When the springs of gladness fail,
And the roses in their bloom
Drop like maidens wan and pale,
We shall find some hope that lies
Like a silent gem apart,
Hidden far from careless eyes
In the garden of the heart.

Some sweet hope to gladness wed,
That will spring afresh and new,
When grief's winter shall have fled,
Giving place to rain and dew—
Some sweet hope that breathes of spring,
Through the weary, weary time,
Budding forth its blossoming,
In the spirit's glorious clime.

COBWEB'S PROPOSAL.

"I tell you what it is, girls, it would be glorious fun to take advantage of leap year, and propose to some cross, old bachelor, and see what he would do about it," said Cobweb, to the rest of us girls, as we were taking a walk one night, not long since; "what do you think about it, girls?"

We all agreed that it would be glorious fun.

"But who has pluck enough to do it?" said Lou Wilson.

"Who, indeed, but your humble servant," said Cobweb.

"Oh, yes; Cobweb can do it to perfection," said Fan Clark, clapping her hands in high glee, "and your know the rest of us will be around where we can hear all the fun," said I.

"But, Cobweb, how will you manage it?" said Lou. "I know you are equal to any emergency, but I don't seem to think of any one you could practice on this time."

"Well, I do," said Cobweb; "so keep still a moment and I will unfold my plan."

"Go ahead," said all of us in concert, for we well knew there was something rich on hand, when Cobweb put on that *face and manner.*

"Well, girls," said Cobweb with a smile, "you know there is to be a Leap Year Ball next Monday night, at the town hall, and I shall ask 'Old Black,' as we girls call him."

"Oh," said Lou, "you will never dare! he would annihilate you with one of his looks."

"Oh, sho! don't you believe yourself. I *rather think Cobweb is up to that sort* of thing."

"Well, Cobweb," said I, "get the programme all arranged, so that we can hear all the fun."

"Oh, yes, yes," said she, "that is all right."

Well, we got everything arranged before we went home that night, and could hardly wait to see how it would work. First, let me describe "Old Black." In the first place, he is not old, but a fine-looking man of about thirty-five years; but his still, dignified manners, and the fact of his being unmarried, gave him the title of "Old Black," his real name being Mr. Levi Black, and the owner of one of the finest farms in the town of H——, where he lives alone with an old housekeeper.

The next day Cobweb sent him an invitation to the ball, which was promptly accepted; and Cobweb was in high glee. The wished for night at length arrived, and we were all on tip-toe, you may well believe. Cobweb went early; she drove up to the door about half past seven and, running up the steps, rang the bell. The old housekeeper came to the door, and looked as though she thought Cobweb was crazy when she asked for Mr. Black, but she managed to ask her to walk in, and she would tell her master she wanted to see him.

"But what under the sun that chit of a thing wants of Mr. Black, I don't see," she muttered, as she went out.

Cobweb sat down and waited with all patience. Soon she came back, saying he would be ready presently. Cobweb waited an hour, and he did not come; then another hour and no Mr. Black. She was about to ring for some one to find out what the trouble was, when in he came, all smiles, saying:

"Have I been long? I have been hurried so, I am all nerved up."

"Oh, no," said Cobweb, "you have been just no time at all. Well, we will go now, if you are all ready; but it seems hardly possible—you have been so very quick!"

"Oh yes; I am quite ready."

"Well, now we will go."

She waited on him into the buggy, and tucked the robes around him as sober as a judge, and gathered up the reins, and they were soon at the hall. Oh, how honored Cobweb looked, as she came in with Mr. Black hanging on her arm. She gave us a look out of those eyes of hers, that set us all into a laugh; but all the while he was as sober as he could be. But I saw a twinkle in his eye that meant mischief. Well, all went as merry as could be. When supper time came, Cobweb gave us the wink to be on hand, as agreed. We all swallowed our supper as soon as possible, and went and hid in a closet that opened out of the ladies' dressing room, where Cobweb meant to entice him after supper, and then propose to him in the most approved style, as she said. We could not just keep still. Soon we saw them come in. Cobweb led him to a seat, and seating herself beside him, she looked over to our hiding place and made a face. That set us all to giggling, and Lou laughed out; but he took no notice of it, so we thought it was all right.

"Dear Mr. Black," said Cobweb, moving up to him and taking his hand, "I have long waited for this opportunity to open my heart to you, but have never until now found one favorable to my purpose."

He looked a little surprised, but did not seem much frightened.

"I have long loved you, and know you to be the guiding star of my existence. Say, now, truly, dear, darling George, do you love me? Don't say no," said she, dropping on one knee, "Don't leave me without hope. Give me some encouragement, and I will be the happiest woman alive. Say, darling, do you love me a little," and she looked up into his face with such a complete counterfeit of devotion, that we were all convulsed with laughter.

He looked at her a moment and then went off into such a fit of laughter as you never heard.

Cobweb straightened up with all the dignity she could command, and looked at him with a face as long as your arm, until he stopped laughing, when he looked up and said:

"Well, you did that well; better than I could, Miss Reed; and I am glad you have done so, for I could never have had the courage to pop the question; but now you have done the thing—I can only say, I shall be only too happy to accept of your heart and hand. I do love you, and have for a long while. I overheard your conversation that night and determined to take advantage of it. Now I am ready to make you the happiest woman in the world at any time; the sooner the better. What do you say?"

Cobweb looked up to him, and seeing that he was in earnest, wilted, as Lou said. Then he reached out his hand and drew her to him, saying:

"Now it remains for you to say whether it shall be binding or not? I am willing to abide by my promise, are you? Shall we consider it an engagement or not?" And he drew her to him and planted a kiss on her pouting lips.

"I don't know; let me go," said Cobweb.

"You will tell me soon," said he, as he held her fast. "Promise, then I will let you go." She promised, and he said, "Now, girls, come out here and persuade her she had better marry 'Old Black.'"

We all came out, looking sheepish enough, I expect. I never saw Cobweb cornered before; but I think she will make it all right. We went home in high glee, but Mr. Black would insist upon seeing Cobweb home safe, for he said he always made it a point of duty to look after all valuable property. How the affair will terminate, I don't know; but I hope she will *conclude to have* him, for he is really a noble fellow; and then such good times as we would have going to see her in that fine old house. If she does, I will let you know all about it. But we shall never forget how she looked when she dropped on her knees, and rolled up her eyes so lovingly at him when she proposed.

PURCHASING A FARM.

Collector David Henshaw was a kind-hearted man as well as able; but smart as he was, on one occasion, in doing a generous act, he was sadly taken in. An old customer doing business in Eaton, N. H., had failed, owning Mr. H.'s firm about $2,000. After settling with his brother creditors he came to see Mr. Henshaw.

"Well," said the latter, "what can you do for us?"

"Have saved my farm for you, sir," replied the unfortunate.

"Your farm, hey," said Mr. H., "and what have you got left?"

"Well, sir, a horse, a pig, and a cow, and altogether I think they may bring me in about seventy-five dollars—sufficient, I hope, to get myself and family out West, where I intend to settle; by the way, here's the deed of the farm, sir," said the poor but honest debtor, as he passed the document which certified Mr. H.'s legal right to two hundred acres of land, "more or less," and long known as the "Cold Stream Farm."

"Oh, that will never do," said Mr. H., and drawing his check for $500 he handed it to his old customer, remarking at the same time that he "was very sorry for his misfortunes, and appreciating his integrity, it gave him great pleasure to be able to afford him a little help in starting again."

The poor fellow was greatly surprised, and reluctantly taking the check, "with a tear-drop in each eye," heartily thanked his over-generous creditor and departed, *but to be seen by Mr. H. no more.*

About the first of April following, Mr. Henshaw thought he would go up to Eaton and take a look at his real estate there. Arriving about dusk he "put up" at the tavern kept by his old friend March, who, on learning his guest's errand, said he would go out with him next morning and show him where the farm lay.

Next day *soon after breakfast, the* two sallied out to see it. After proceeding a few rods the old tavern keeper halted, and directing his companion's attention to a bare but very steep and rough looking mountain, that stood a few miles off, remarked that "that was called Bald Mountain"

"That's a rough looking place," said the other.

"Well," continued the tavern-keeper, "the location of your property, the 'Cold Stream Farm,' is on top of that mountain."

"You know the place, don't you?" inquired the merchant.

"Why, you don't suppose anybody was ever up there, do you, Mr. Henshaw?"

"Well, what's the good of it—what is done with it?" ruefully inquired the amazed merchant.

"The town sells it every year for the taxes," replied the tavern-keeper.

"They do, hey?" said Mr. Henshaw; "and pray tell me who in these parts is fool enough to buy that style of property?"

"Why, any of our chaps around here who get into trouble or fail, buy it for the purpose of settling with their Boston creditors."

Mr. Henshaw took the first opportunity to return home, and perhaps would not have told the story, had not a friend in asking him as a collector to give him a place in the Custom House, for one reason, among and above others, that he was from New Hampshire—when he gave his little bit of experience with one of the Granite State men.—*Commercial Bulletin.*

A PIGGISH ILLUSTRATION.—A country girl, several of whose sisters had married badly, was herself about to take the dose. "How dare you get married," asked a cousin of hers, "after having before you the unfortunate example of your sisters." Exclaimed the girl with spirit: "I choose to make a trial for myself. Did you ever see a parcel of pigs running to a trough of hot swill? The first one sticks in his nose, gets it scalded, and then draws back and squeals. The second burns his nose and stands squealing in the same manner. The third follows suit and squeals too. But it makes no difference to those behind; *all in turn thrust in their noses,* just as if the first hadn't got burned or scalded at all. So it is with girls in regard to matrimony—and now with this I hope you are satisfied."

"If you don't give me a penny," said a young hopeful to his mamma, "I know a boy that's got the measles, and I'll go and catch 'em—so I will."

WHAT THEY ARE DOING.

The man who "Dreamt I dwelt in Marble Halls" has opened a marble quarry there, and is doing a thriving business in getting out gravestones.

The author of "Carry me back to old Virginia," has opened a livery stable, and is carried back in his own conveyance whenever he wants to be.

The man who sang "I am lonely since my mother died," isn't quite so lonely now. The old man has married again, and his step-mother makes it lively enough for him.

The one who gave the "Old folks at home" to the world has recently taken them to the poor-house, as they were getting troublesome.

The man who wanted to "Kiss him for his mother," attempted to kiss his mother for him, the other day, and got a walloping "for his mother."

The one who wailed so plaintively, "Do they miss me at home?" was missed the other day, together with a neighbor's wife. He is missed by a wife and seven children.

The author of "Roll on, Silver Moon" has opened a ball alley. Silver moons can't roll on his alley without paying for it.

The one who asked "Who will care for Mother now?" has concluded to take care of the old woman himself, as no one else seems inclined to.

A NEW TRIAL.

In Butler county, Ohio, lives an illustrious member of the judiciary, by rank a J. P., and a Pennsylvania Dutchman by extraction, "which his name it was" Squire Ritter. Once upon a time a knotty case was tried before him, wherein, strange to say, his decision gave much dissatisfaction to the unsuccessful party, whose counsel promptly gave notice of a "motion for a new trial," and a day was set for the argument thereof. At the time appointed the lawyers were on hand with armfuls of books; and after most of the day had been spent in a wordy conflict, the dust of which might well have obscured a clearer mental vision than that of the worthy squire, he thus disposed of the question: "Ven I gifs dis choochment I vas villions to schwear he vash all right; put now Misther Chones he says *nein,* and Misther Shmit he says *goh,* unt it's pull Tick pull Tuyfel mit ter pooks. I kess de best plan"—turning to the place in his docket where the obnoxious decision was entered, and *tearing out the leaf*—"Ish-to take a fresh shtart, and grant a new trial."

OLD Peppergrass sent to the register office that he wanted a girl for general housework. About the time he expected an application he laid a broom down near the gate. Presently a girl comes up to the gate, opens it, and strolls into the house; the broom being immediately in the path, Miss Betsy strides over it. The old man was on the watch, and the first salute the girl got was: "I don't want you!"

The girl departed, and suddenly another bullet-headed Nancy appears. Seeing the broom in her way, she gives it a kick, and waddles up to the house. "You won't suit me, Miss Mopsey!" bawls Peppergrass.

Finally a third appears, opens the gate, and *noiselessly* coming into the yard, she carefully closes the gate behind her, and walks up—the broom being still in the path; she picks it up, carries it with her, and deposits it along side of the woodshed. Before she can explain her business there Peppergrass sings out: "Yes, you can come in; you'll suit me!"

And she did; for that girl lived with Peppergrass seven years, and only quitted to go housekeeping on her own hook, and a capital wife she made. Pepp

Gettysburg Compiler.

Friday, July 3, 1868.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

AUDITOR GENERAL,
Hon. CHARLES E. BOYLE, of Fayette county.

SURVEYOR GENERAL,
Gen. WELLINGTON H. ENT, of Columbia co.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE.

The Democratic County Committee will meet at the "Globe Inn," Gettysburg, on SATURDAY, the 18th day of JULY inst., at 10 o'clock, P. M.

W. A. DUNCAN, Chairman.

The following is the list of the members of the Committee:

Gettysburg—W. A. Duncan, H. J. Stahle, Jacob Troxell.
Berwick tp.—Jacob Hull, S. A. Wertz.
Berwick bor.—Edw. Wenchoff, Henry Mayer.
Cumberland—J. W. Lott, H. L. Bream.
Conewago—Jas. W. Gubernator, Sol. Schwartz.
Highland—Peter Stoner, J. Scott Wilson.
Butler—S. H. Eicholtz, Joseph Wolff.
Freedom—Jacob Brown, Richard Crouse.
Germany—Hon. Wm. McSherry, Jacob Klunk
Huntington—Jacob Zug, Jeremiah Shybaugh.
Hamilton—Dr. F. C. Wolf, Maj. Henry Wolf.
Menallen—Isaac Bender, Amos Schlosser.
Mountjoy—Moses Hartman, Isaac Lightner.
Mountpleasant—Dan'l Lawrence, H. J. Hemler.
Franklin—Capt. Jacob Plank, Frederick Diehl.
Oxford—Dr. W. J. McClure, Jacob Myers.
Latimore—John Martin, Joel Griest.
Straban—D. C. Brinkerhoff, S. A. Gilliland.
Tyrone—J. C. Pittenturf, Wm. Mackley.
Union—Daniel Getzelman, Amos Lefever.
Littlestown—John Diehl, S. S. Bishop.
Reading—Thos. N. Dicks, Emanuel Neidich.
Liberty—James Corey, John Nunnemaker.
Hamiltonban—Col. R. C. Swope, Daniel Biesecker.

July 3, 1868.

WHO WILL BE NOMINATED?

The question is often asked us, "Who will be the Democratic nominees for President and Vice President?" Of course we cannot answer. We have not even cared to speculate much as to the result, assured as we feel that the selections will be wisely and harmoniously made—and being thus satisfied, it requires no effort to possess our soul in perfect patience. We may say, however, that general opinion narrows the choice for President down to Pendleton, Hancock and Hendricks. The latter seems to be getting stronger, and if this should continue, we would not be surprised to see the ticket made up of Hendricks and Hancock, or Hancock and Hendricks, the chances for heading it being about equal. Mr. Pendleton, having been earlier placed in the field, will start with the largest number of votes, but that he will secure two-thirds on that or any subsequent ballot is at this time considered doubtful. These are mere speculations, however, and may be entirely at fault. Indeed, names altogether new in this connection may be selected, as was the case in 1844 and 1852. In both contests the Democracy triumphed gloriously, AS THEY WILL IN THIS.

LATEST.—It is reported that Hendricks declines a nomination—thus improving Pendleton's chances.

GREAT preparations have been made in New York by the Soldiers' and Sailors' Committee, of which Gen. Halpine (Miles O'Reilley) is chairman, for the National Democratic Convention of Soldiers and Sailors, which meets in Cooper Institute to-morrow. Among the delegates reported, are Major General Love, of Indiana, with the "white boys in blue" to the number of at least 400, uniformed; Major General John A. M'Clernand, of Illinois, with from 300 to 500; Major General Frank Blair, of Missouri, with about 300; Major General Ewing, of Ohio, with 400; Major General Runyon, of New Jersey; Major Generals Lovell H. Rosseau and Don Carlos Buell, of Kentuckey, with a large delegation; Generals Andrew Porter and M'Candless, of Pennsylvania, with the Hancock Legion, numbering 1,200 men; Major General W. B. Franklin, of Connecticut; Gen. Couch, of Massachusetts; General M'Quade, of New York.

THE Secretary of War has just sent in to Congress an estimate of what will be needed to supply *deficiencies* in the appropriations already made for the execution of the Reconstruction acts. It foots up the grand total of SIX HUNDRED AND THIRTY-ONE THOUSAND, FIVE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-EIGHT DOLLARS AND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. Here is a nice little sum to be wrung from the toil and sweat of the white men of the North. It amounts to more than a dollar for every voter in Pennsylvania. Work away, ye toiling masses! Your masters want millions of money to control negro votes, which are to count against yours at the coming Presidential election. Therefore work away, like dumb, unthinking brutes; and be sure to keep on voting for Radical candidates! Vote for Grant! Vote for Colfax! Vote for Radicals for all offices! Vote to make the negroes masters of the South! Vote to give negroes the balance of power in Congress, and at Presidential elections! Keep on voting as your masters bid you! Vote to make yourselves slaves!

THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU SWINDLE.—The New York *World* is ventilating the Freedmen's Bureau establishment. It gives an accurate list of the agents and clerks employed to carry on this gigantic swindle, showing that there are 703 of them, receiving salaries amounting in the aggregate to $809,340 a year. A large number of these agents manage, also, to swindle their living in government rations and perquisites. The cost of this swindle is estimated at $11,000,000 per annum. The whole concern is a mere political machine, and is an injury rather than a benefit to the poor negroes, who neglect labor and occupy their time in attending political meetings, or marching to the polls, with muskets in their hands, to vote as they are directed by their new masters, the paid agents of the Bureau. And the white working classes of the North have to foot the big bills.

SPLIT OF THE RADICALS IN PHILADELPHIA.—A serious rupture has taken place in the Radical party in Philadelphia. In the convention to nominate a candidate for District Attorney, the other day, W. B. Mann, the candidate of the office-holders' "ring," was nominated, whereupon sixty-four delegates withdrew from the Convention and nominated Isaac Hazlehurst. The *Press* says that this division endangers the success of the whole Radical ticket in Philadelphia, and intimates that it may have so deleterious an influence upon the prospects of Grant, that even he may be defeated by it. The fact is, the Radical party is demoralized everywhere, and needs but the *coup de grace* of a good Democratic nomination to destroy it utterly.

THE Democratic Convention of Bedford county, on Monday week, nominated B. F. Myers, Esq., for Congress, subject to the decision of the district conference—with Messrs. E. F. Kerr, P. G. Morgart and James Sill as conferees. Hon. J. McDowell Sharpe, of Chambersburg, was nominated for Additional Law Judge, and Capt. T. H. Lyons for the Legislature.

THE Democracy of the State are already engaged in planting hickory poles.

THE TWO GREAT CONVENTIONS.

On to-morrow, the anniversary of the Declaration of American Independence, there will assemble in the city of New York, two great National Conventions, both in the interest of the old Democratic party.

In the one will be gathered together the representatives of the men who went forth to fight for the restoration of the Union and the preservation of the Constitution. There will be many of the foremost fighting Generals of the Union armies, the dauntless chieftains who led the way where the fight was thickest and danger most imminent; and there, too, hundreds of those who won distinction as subordinate officers, with thousands of the rank and file, who bore the brunt of battle on many a bloody and well contested field from the first Bull Run to the last battle at Appomattox Court House.

To this Convention the eyes of a majority of the Union soldiers of the Nation are now anxiously turned. They see that Grant has, with a mean and truckling spirit, fallen down at the feet of Stevens, Butler, Washburne and Forney, ready to follow their traitorous bidding to any extreme, in order to gratify his ambition to be President. Whatever of respect the honorable and honorably discharged veterans may have had for Grant, he has completely and forever forfeited. It is not strange, therefore, that his name should fail, as it has failed, to elicit the first spark of enthusiasm. The men who once followed him with pride when he led on the battle field, now regard him with cold disdain, and think of his self-assumed baseness with a loathing too deep for utterance. They will not vote for a man who has willingly consented to abandon an honorable position to become the pliant tool of base political adventurers and fanatical destructives. So, to the Soldiers' Convention, which is to meet in New York to-morrow, the soldiers of the nation look for an expression of opinion, as they look to the other Convention which assembles on the same day for a candidate whom they will gladly support.

The National Nominating Convention of the Democratic party will be called to order at high noon of Independence Day, in the new and magnificent temple which will be dedicated for the occasion. There will be gathered the loftiest intellects of the nation. It will be a grand re-union of all the States. Not one will be unrepresented. The foremost men in civil life from every State and Territory of the Union will be gathered to take council together, to devise means for rescuing the nation from the dangers that beset it and for bringing relief to an oppressed people.

That wisdom will guide these two great Conventions, and that entire harmony will prevail, we have no doubt. The Democratic party are actuated by the highest and purest motives in this great crisis. The leaders, civil and military, we are assured, are prepared, without an exception, to abandon all mere personal preferences, and to unite upon a platform of the most patriotic principles, upon which they will place as candidates none but men of the most exalted character. The time grows short. A few days more only will intervene before the names of the next President and Vice-President of the United States will be announced to the listening nation in the persons of the candidates of the Democratic party.

REPUDIATION.

A great deal is said about repudiating the Federal debt. Some people are very nervous upon this subject. Did it ever occur to such people that 600,000 blacks will vote for members of Congress at the next election? And are those who profess to be in so great trepidation about the safety of the "nation's honor," such numb-skulls that they cannot see that these 600,000 blacks have not a single *rusty nickel* at stake in this matter? Nay, is it not their interest to favor repudiation, in order to relieve themselves of taxes which they already complain of as oppressive? If there be danger of repudiation in any quarter, it is, as a cotemporary very truly remarks, in the *Negro vote*. Look out, ye would-be saviors of the nation's honor; the "nation's wards" are becoming restive, and when the Hon. Sam. Gumbo and the Hon. Jim Bones get to Congress, there will be a quaking among the bond-holders. The hoe-holders are coming. 'Rah for Col. and Grantfax!

GRANT AND THE NEGRO.

AN INFAMOUS ORDER.—The following despatch has been received from New Orleans:

NEW ORLEANS, June 28.—Gen. Buchanan yesterday recieved *an order from General Grant* directing the removal of Gov. Baker and Lieut. Governor Voorhees, and the appointment of Warmouth and Dunn to their places. The appointments take effect on Monday, when the Legislature convenes. In obedience to this order Gen. Buchanan last night issued an order making the required changes. The same order authorizes all parish and municipal officers declared elected by his previous orders to take their offices upon taking the oath prescribed by the new constitution. *On Monday Louisiana will have a perfectly black negro for Lieut. Governor.*

From this it is evident that Grant has become as rabid a Radjost as Thad. Stevens himself. To vote for him after this implies capacity to swallow the negro head and heels. *White* men, *can* you support such a candidate?

WHAT MAY BE EXPECTED.—If the people permit the rotten Radical party to elect Grant and Colfax, they may expect a rigid rule of military tyranny. In its worst form, together with unparalleled extravagance and redoubled taxation to pay for the same. Grant announces that if elected *he will have no policy*, which means that he intends to be controlled by the manipulators of Radicalism, the impertinent, vindictive and unscrupulous Butlers, Stevenses, Boutwells, and Binghams.

If the people *desire these things* they must vote for Grant, for the Democracy intend, if placed in power, to abolish the extravagant Freedmen's Bureau, reduce the army one half, and remove many other evils now oppressing the people.

Intelligent, but oppressed tax payers must decide which party they will support next November.

COST OF THE REGISTRY LAW.—The Registry law passed by the Radicals last winter will prove to be a most costly affair, if carried out. The York *Democratic Press* makes an accurate calculation of the amount of money which will be required to enforce its regulations in that county this year. The sum total foots up $3,720. It will cost each county in the State a proportionate amount. The people did not desire the passage of this law, and all classes will be pleased if the Supreme Court should decide it to be unconstitutional, as we suppose they will.

ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.—The House of Representatives, on Monday, by a vote of 91 to 45, passed a concurrent resolution for the adjournment of Congress on the 15th of July.

THE BALANCE OF POWER.

The Chicago platform, endorsed by Gen. Grant, declares that Negro Suffrage must be maintained in the Southern States, and upon this doctrine the Radicals ask the people to support Grant for President. Now the States which have been "reconstructed" upon the Congressional plan, contain upwards of 600,000 Negro voters, *more than enough to give the balance of power in the government* to these unlettered and semi-barbarous Africans.

Mr. Green Goslin, who was born a "Republican," and, therefore, thinks it his duty to vote the Radical ticket, even though he knows that ticket to be pledged to the enforcement of Negro Suffrage upon the South, says, "Oh! I am opposed to Negro voting, but it doesn't matter so long as they vote only in the South."

The silly goose! As if the voters of Pennsylvania and those of the rest of the States, did not all vote together on the first Tuesday in November, for President of the United States, and as if the 600,000 Negro votes did not count as many on that day, as if they were cast in Pennsylvania, instead of Louisiana, Alabama and the rest of the Africanized States! The Negro who votes for Grant for President in Alabama, kills the vote of the white man in Pennsylvania who votes for Grant's opponent. Thus, remarks the Bedford *Gazette*, does Negro Suffrage affect Pennsylvania. The old Keystone *may declare* by her 600,000 white votes that this or that candidate shall be the next President; but the 600,000 blacks of the South can say: No! not your choice, but ours, shall be the occupant of the Presidential chair. The balance of power, is, truly, in the hands of the enfranchised blacks. It was placed there by the present infamous Radical Congress, and it is to be kept there by Gen. Grant, if the people, by electing him, endorse the Chicago Platform. This is "the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth."

WHO IS GRANT?

Who is Grant? The man who said he would "fight it out on this (the Wilderness) line, if it took all summer," but didn't and was fain, in the end, to take McClellan's line, on the James river. Who is Grant? The General who, before he took Richmond, lost nearly twice as many men as Lee had in his whole army when the opposing forces first met on the Rappahannock. Who is Grant? The man who "swung round the circle" with Andy Johnson in 1866, until he became giddy at Cleveland, and couldn't swing any further; the man who stood by Andy Johnson's side when the latter was presented the resolutions of the Philadelphia Convention; the man who kicked out Stanton in August, and sneaked out of the War Office in order to let Stanton crawl back to it, in December; the man who broke his word with his friend, the President; the man who endorses the enfranchisement of 600,000 negroes, and, at the same time, declares he will have "no policy" if elected to the Presidency. This is Grant. From such a President, good Lord, deliver us!—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

LOYAL VETERAN GRANT CLUBS.

That is the title under which the Radicals are trying to rally Union soldiers to the support of their schemes of disunion. Query—Will those soldiers who decline to vote for the tool of Forney and Washburne be considered *disloyal*? There will be a vast army of them—more than half the rank and file of the gallant volunteer soldiery of the country, with multitudes of the most distinguished officers—and they cannot be frightened from the determination to vote for the conservative candidates by the stale old cry about *disloyalty*. Not they. Having bravely faced Southern treason on the battle field, they are ready to meet Northern treason to the Union and the Constitution at the ballot box. They will fight it down though it seeks shelter under the leadership of Grant, and will "fight it out on that line, if it takes all summer."—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

GENERAL FORREST ON POLITICS.—The ex-Confederate General Forrest is going to the New York Fourth of July Convention as a delegate. In the course of a recent conversation he is reported to have said that it will not be any more curious to see him in the Democratic Convention than it was to see Joe Brown, of Georgia, in the Radical Convention, and he adds:

"The Radicals like Joe Brown because he is a Radical. I suppose the same rule would apply to me with the Democrats. Why, sir, the warmest reception I've had since the war was from General Sherman. I'm not afraid of the Democratic soldiers or the Republican soldiers. I like General Hancock, and I don't believe there is a brave or reasonable Union soldier who dislikes or doubts me as a man. I went into the war because my vote had been unable to preserve the peace. I took a through ticket of course, and I fought and lost as much as any one else; certainly as much as I could. Now the war's over, and I'm under oath to keep my parole. Suppose I consider myself an outlaw, and refuse to take part in what's going on, does that help me to keep my oath? Won't folks that are disposed to be ill-natured say I'm sullen and dangerous, and only waiting a chance to break out in a fresh place? That's what they have said. Now I give the country a sort of hostage, in addition to my parole, when I join an active, organized body of Union men in the North, and I proclaim when I go to New York that I am at least as well reconstructed as Joe Brown, who was an original secessionist."

THE *Franklin Repository* says:

Hon. Edward McPherson has been honored with the appointment of American editor, for the present year, of the *Almanack de Gotha*—a noted European publication of high literary and scientific reputation. Not a mean compliment.

You are slightly mistaken, neighbor. The *Almanack de Gotha* is merely a record of the names of the reigning families of Europe, and of late, we believe, including the names of the rulers of other countries. There is nothing about it that is "literary and scientific." We suppose Mr. McPherson was appointed to report the names of King Wade's family after he got on the throne—but he didn't reach it.—*Doylestown Democrat.*

FORNEY wants negro midshipmen and cadets. He says: "The tendency of West Point and Annapolis schooling is toward exclusiveness, and until the recent war-period admission into honorable rank, in either the army or navy was as difficult as into a brotherhood of Brahmins." This is the first step of course to the admission of young African gentlemen. 'Rah for Ekal Rights! What's the next madness?

NAPOLEON paid over $40,000,000 in gold to have Maximilian killed off and Carlotta sent to the mad-house.—*Evening Bulletin.*

We can beat that considerably in this country. Thad. Stevens, Ben. Butler, and company, paid $4,000,000,000 of other people's money and sacrificed a million of lives to have our constitution destroyed and negro equality established.—*Daily News.*

THE Philadelphia *Bulletin* says:—"Grant shrinks from office."

He will dry up entirely by November.

Local Department.

TOWN, COUNTY AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES.

Preaching.—Rev. Mr. Wilhelm will preach in the Presbyterian Church at Hunterstown, next Sabbath, at 10 A. M.

Anniversary.—Don't forget the Orphans' Anniversary, at Agricultural Hall, this evening.

Excursion Tickets over the Gettysburg Railroad will be sold at half fare from the 3d to the 6th of July inclusive. See adv.

Literary Entertainment.—The Literary Entertainment given at Boyd's Schoolhouse, will be repeated, by special request, on Saturday evening, July 4th.

Delegates.—The Delegates to the Democratic National Convention from this district are Hon. Geo. W. Brewer, of Chambersburg, and John R. Donehoo, Esq., of McConnellsburg.

To be Closed.—The Stores and places of business in Gettysburg will be closed on the 4th. The Post-office will be open from 6 to 7 A. M. and CLOSED the balance of the day.

Normal School.—The examination of the Gettysburg Normal School, on Friday last, was very satisfactory, reflecting more than ordinary credit on Mr. Sheely and his large class of students.

Closing Exercises.—The closing exercises of the Gettysburg Female Seminary, consisting of Essays, Music, &c., by the young ladies, will take place this afternoon. Commencements at this institution are always interesting, and therefore attract full houses.

Fancy Colors.—Jobs are printed at the COMPILER office in any color ordered, or in as many colors as may be desired. We have all the necessary inks and bronzes for the purpose, not forgetting plenty of bran new type, and the best Job Press in five counties.

Hay and Grain.—Our farmers are still busy at their hay, the unusually heavy crop requiring more than ordinary time and labor.

The wheat is ripening rapidly, and before this paper shall reach many of its farmer readers they will be in the midst of harvest operations. The appearance of the weevil has resulted in considerable damage in some quarters of the county, but on the whole the crop shows less injury now than was anticipated a week ago. A fair yield may be counted on.

The Fourth.—There will be no general celebration of the Fourth here, but our people will, we suppose enjoy themselves pic-nicing in the many beautiful groves in the vicinity.

The Zouaves will parade at 4 o'clock in the morning, each member provided with fifty rounds of blank cartridges. They will also meet in the evening for target practice.

The Town Council having, on Monday evening, modified the borough ordinance prohibiting the sale and firing of Fireworks, so as not to include New Year's day, the 22d of February and the 4th of July, of course "Young America" will enjoy itself immensely with crackers, torpedoes, &c.

Burned to Death.—On Saturday last, Theresa Jane, a little daughter of Mr. Francis C. Gardner, of Straban township, met a very sudden and heart-rending death. The mother was absent for a short time to do some washing near by, and when she returned found the child burned almost to a crisp, her clothing having taken fire from the cook stove. Dr. O'Neal was promptly called in, but he found the little sufferer beyond help, and next day she died. The child was aged about 6 years. We deeply sympathise with the afflicted parents in their sore bereavement.

Accident.—We regret to learn that our friend Francis Cole, the owner of the large saw-mill at the head of the Narrows, met with a severe accident on Monday week. He was engaged, with several of his hands, in getting out saw logs. To a very heavy one they had left a part of a limb, the easier to work it down a steep hill. When starting the log on a slide, Mr. Cole was at the front end of it. Moving more rapidly than was expected, the limb mentioned caught one of his legs just back of the knee, and carrying him with it some distance, struck the knee against a sapling, badly fracturing the cap. But for the intervening sapling, the consequences must have been fatal. Dr. Study is attending Mr. Cole, and we understand that he is as comfortable as could be expected. There are now hopes of his escaping a permanently stiff knee.

Another.—One day last week, Mr. Peter Frey, one of our oldest and most esteemed citizens, met with a painful mishap, especially for one so aged. Whilst removing a ladder from one part of his premises to another, he fell on his side, fracturing a rib. The severe shock caused a general prostration of the system, but under Dr. O'Neal's careful attentions he is recovering as rapidly as could be expected under the circumstances.

Another Railroad Project.—An act was passed last winter to incorporate the "Adams County Railroad Company," with power to build a Railroad from a point at or near Petersburg, (Y. S.,) to connect with the Northern Central Railway at or near New Cumberland, or with the Cumberland Valley Railroad at or near Mechaniesburg.

The Commissioners named in the act held a meeting at Petersburg on the 23d ult., and at once adopted measures to lift the charter and have the several routes surveyed. The proceedings of this meeting will be found in another column.

A Railroad built from Petersburg to either point would pass through a rich and productive country, which would from the start give it a large trade and make the enterprise a paying one. Success to it.

Want.—We have some idea of enlarging the COMPILER from blanket to barn-door size. Our only need is, a mill able to manufacture paper large enough.

Owners of mills likely to answer (and desiring to sell) are requested to parade their establishments in front of our office for inspection. Mill dams need not accompany the mills—though they may be brought as far as the edge of town, where a score of juveniles will be ready "to dive" in to test depth, bottom, &c. The mill or mills (with dam or dams) selected, will be promptly paid for—in the handsomest job printing ever done in this region.

Hurrah for the Fourth!—The Town Council having modified the Borough Ordinance in regard to Fire Works, so far as not to include the 4th of July, John M. Minnigh has promptly ordered from the city a full supply of all kinds of Fire Works, Crackers, Torpedos, Rockets, &c. "Young America" had better get their change ready, to secure a supply, as the demand for them will of course be great.

The Locusts are dying rapidly. In a few days they will disappear altogether, to be seen no more for seventeen years.

Dr. Gideon Smith, who has been giving the subject much thought and examination, says that the locusts do not go deep in the ground. They live on the vegetable juices of the roots near the surface, which they take with their snouts or rostrum. There are three small hairs in the snout, which, in feeding, are projected and spread out over the surface of the roots or leaves of trees, and these collect the juice and convey it by capillary attraction to the stomach. You can see this operation very distinctly in the perfect insect, by watching it with a magnifying glass. They have no other mouth or means of taking food, either in the larva or winged state.

Our readers will find an interesting communication on the subject of locust stings, from our friend, Dr. Benson, of Littlestown, in another column. *Scary* people will find much comfort in it.

Deaths.—Harrisburg lost by death on Tuesday last one of its oldest and best citizens, in the person of Mr. Jacob Ziegler, who had nearly reached the age of 97 years. He never missed an election, and never failed to vote the Democratic ticket, after arriving at his majority. He was nearly related to the Zieglers here—brother to Emanuel Ziegler, Sr., deceased.

Hon. W. H. Kurtz, formerly member of Congress from York and Adams, died at York, of paralysis, on the 24th ult., in his 65th year.

Mail Service.—Service on the mail routes in Pennsylvania and Maryland, under the new contracts, commenced on Wednesday, the 1st. The Department has made some changes in this county since the contracts were awarded. The service on the Menallen route has been divided—one to run tri-weekly, to Idaville, via Mummasburg, Arendtsville, Bigler, Flora Dale, and Bendersville, and the other semi-weekly to the same office, via Menallen and Table Rock. Wenk's will be supplied from Bendersville. The service from New Oxford to York Springs, via Hampton, Round Hill, &c., has been restored to a daily route. We annex the new schedules, as they now stand:

No. 2155. Hanover to East Berlin, tri-weekly, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
2156. Hanover to Mesherrystown, daily; to Square Corner, tri-weekly; Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
2161. Gettysburg to Hagerstown, tri-weekly, leaving Gettysburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday—returning Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
2162. Gettysburg to New Chester, semi-weekly, Tuesday and Saturday.
2163. Gettysburg to Idaville, via Mummasburg, Rendersville, &c., tri-weekly, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
2164. Gettysburg to Idaville, via Menallen and Table Rock, semi-weekly, Wednesday and Saturday.
2165. New Oxford to York Springs, daily except Sunday.
2206. East Berlin to Dillsburg, once a week, Thursday.
2167. Littlestown to Harney, tri-weekly, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
2168. York Springs to York, once a week, Saturday.
2192. Gettysburg to Mechanicsville, tri-weekly, leaving Gettysburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and returning Monday, Wednesday Friday.
2201. York Springs to Carlisle, daily, except Sunday.
2240. Gettysburg to Chambersburg, and Gettysburg to Littlestown, daily as at present.
2262. Gettysburg to Frederick, tri-weekly, leaving Gettysburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; returning Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

From the Hanover Citizen.

Sudden Death.—Mr. Henry Delloue, of Franklin Grove, Illinois, formerly of East Berlin, Adams county, died very suddenly at his residence, at the former place, on the 21st ult. His remains were brought to the residence of his mother, in East Berlin, and on Thursday following interred in the burial ground at Paradise Church, near Abbottstown.

Accident.—Last Saturday, a young son of Mr. Pius Sneeringer, of Conewago township, Adams county, was severely injured by falling from a log of a barn now being built by Mr. S. It appears the boy was in the act of walking on a board at some height, when it slipped, he falling to the ground, receiving a severe cut in his face and injuring one of his legs. Medical aid was procured, and we understand the sufferer is now doing as well as could be expected.

Painful Accident.—On Saturday last, a son of Mr. John Hostetter, of Union township, Adams county, met with a very painful accident while assisting his father in cutting grass with a reaper. The lad, who is about fifteen years of age, was sitting on the reaper removing the grass, when the reaper struck a stump, throwing the boy over on the knives, cutting one of his legs severely and making an ugly gash in one of his feet. He is now doing well.

Job Printing.—Our new Job Press is operating splendidly, daily turning out work such as has never been approached, and rarely seen, in these parts. It is certainly the best machine, for plain or fancy printing, in the market. Specimens of our work can be seen by calling at the office.

Housekeepers and others wanting good Cooking Stoves, the best in the market, warranted to bake and give satisfaction, or any thing in line of Tin Ware, Japan Ware, Hollow Ware, Chamber Sets, Bread and Spice Boxes, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Coffee Mills, Bird Cages, Fruit Jars and Cans, Waiters, &c., &c, will find just what they want at the Ware-room of Col. C. H. Buehler, corner of Railroad and Carlisle street, opposite the Passenger Depot, and at prices which defy competition. tf

Dog Days.—Caniculare, or dog days, commence on the third of July and end on the eleventh of August. The rising and setting of Sirius, the Dog Star, with the sun, has been erroneously regarded as the cause of excessive heat and of consequent calamities.—*State Guard.*

A Full Assortment.—The attention of Farmers, Builders, Contractors, and others is invited to the large assortment of LUMBER of all kinds suitable for building purposes, to be found at Col. C. H. BUEHLER'S Lumber Yard, at corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets including Boards, Planks, Flooring, Siding, Laths, Pickets, Shingles, &c. Also Posts, hewed and sawed, with prime Fencing Boards, white Pine and Hemlock. His stock is not only large, but his arrangements are such that he can sell at the very lowest cash rates. Also, constantly on hand, Blacksmith, Lime-burners' and Stove COAL. tf

The great amount of time consumed by the ladies in dressing and arranging their hair must make an article, which would lessen their labor particularly desirable. Ring's Vegetable Ambrosia leaves the hair in such condition as to render the dressing and arranging a very easy matter. It imparts to it that splendid glossy appearance so much admired, cleanses the scalp from dandruff and all humors, and prevents baldness; promotes its growth, and restores gray hair to its original color. June 12. 1m

Dr. Lugol of Paris, one of the most eminent chemists of Europe, says, when Iodine can be dissolved in pure water the most astonishing results may be anticipated. Dr. H. Anders' Iodine Water *is fading dissolved in pure water*, and the most astonishing results have followed its use in cases of scrofula and all chronic diseases.

THE LOCUSTS.

LITTLESTOWN, Pa., June 29, 1868.

MR. STABLE—Dear Sir:—In your last paper I noticed an account, (clipped from a Harrisburg paper,) stating that seven boys had been stung by locusts and that they had all died from the effects of the stings. If this statement be true, the locust sting is as fatal to its victims as the axe of Antoine Probst was to the Deering family.

I have closely and minutely studied the history and nature of the locust, and for the benefit of those who so much dread the sight of a locust and its fatal sting, I will state that it is contrary to the physiological and anatomical nature and construction of the locust to sting, as the bee or other insects of that class. Its ovipositor is designed only for the legitimate purpose of depositing its eggs, and contains no secretions of a poisonous character. The locust has no stinger independent of its ovipositor.

The history of the locust, from the account given of it in Exodus down to the present, furnishes no authentic instance of any one ever dying from the sting of a locust. Though they have been so numerous in some places as to destroy every living particle of vegetation, and have thereby caused famine, not one word has ever been said about them causing death by stinging by any scientific or historical writer. If a locust is mashed on the skin, the fluid of the locust being acrid will cause some inflammation, which is sometimes mistaken for a sting or bite.

It has also been stated that persons have been poisoned by eating vegetables over which the locusts have crawled, &c. To prove this to be a false notion, I will only refer you to Mr. Chambers' Encyclopedia, which states that the "locusts are eaten in many countries, roasted, or fried in butter. They are also preserved in brine, or dried in the sun. They thus appear in the markets of Arabia, Syria, Egypt, Madagascar, &c., and they are even exported as an article of commerce."

C. W. BENSON, M. D.

RAILROAD MEETING.

A meeting of the Commissioners named in the act incorporating the "Adams County Railroad Company," was held at the house of John D. Becker, in Petersburg (Y. S.) on the 23rd of June. All the Commissioners except two were present, and much interest was manifested by them, as well as by many other gentlemen present, in the proposed railroad.

Col. John Wolford was elected President, and Gen. W. W. Wright Secretary.

The object of the meeting was then stated to be, first, to lift the Charter granted by the Legislature; and second, to take measures for raising money for a survey of the proposed route. The necessary amount of money to procure the Charter was at once raised on the spot, and the following named Committee was appointed to procure the requisite means for having the survey made:

Col. John Wolford, President and Treasurer.

Dillsburg—Geo. W. Wagner, George Law, J. J. Moore, P. G. Miller and Jesse Lerew.

Clearspring—Edward Dick and David K. Lerew.

Franklintown—Capt. John Klugh.

Lisburn—John Sherrick.

Huntington township—Ephraim Hiteshew, Hartman & Sadler, John D. Becker, Latshaw & Grove, Mrs. Jane Read, Boreas W. Ziegler, J. Franklin Gardner, Wm. B. Gardner, Isaac Sadler, Thomas G. Neely, John William Wierman, Lewis W. Helkes and Wesley Sadler.

Latimore township—Abraham Fisher, Joseph Fickle, Abraham Ziegler, T. Brenneman, F. N. W. Bowers and Conrad E. Myers.

Reading township—Adam S. Myers.

The following resolutions were then passed:

First—That the sums paid by parties to the survey and charter fund be credited to them on the Stock Subscription Books, when opened, as so much money paid on account of stock subscribed.

Second—That the next meeting of the Commissioners shall be held at the "Nelson House" in Dillsburg, York county, Pa., at 2 o'clock, P. M., on the 1st day of August next.

Third—That the President is authorized to call a special meeting of the Commissioners previous to August 1st, if at any time circumstances should render such action necessary or advisable.

Fourth—That as the object of this meeting is one of public interest, the editors of the several newspapers in Adams, York and Cumberland counties be requested to publish an abstract of the proceedings.

It is proposed to have the preliminary surveys made as soon as the necessary funds can be raised for the purpose. Two lines will be examined from a "point at or near York Springs"—one to connect with the Cumberland Valley Railroad at or near Mechanicsburg, and the other to connect with the Northern Central Railway at or near New Cumberland.

JOHN WOLFORD, President.
W. W. WRIGHT, Secretary.

WE are assured that the firm of Eastman & Kendall, 65 Hanover Street, Boston, Mass., advertised in our columns, is trustworthy and reliable. For 10 cts. they send a patent pen fountain, and a check describing an article to be sold for $1. Their club system of selling goods is becoming quite popular, particularly with the ladies. It is worthy of a trial.—*Buffalo Gazette.*

Its Lasting Effects Are Permanent.—In this it differs from all hair dyes. By its use luxuriant growth is guaranteed, natural color and gloss are restored. One trial will cause you to say this of MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S Improved (*new style*) Hair Restorer or Dressing, (*in one bottle*). Every Druggist sells it. Price One Dollar. July 3. 1m

Communion Wine.—We have been shown specimens of sacramental or pure juice wine, prepared by Mr. Alfred Speer, of Passaic, N. J., out of the Port Grape, which he cultivates in this country. In taste it assimilates to port, without its heating qualities, being absolutely free from spirits further than its own fermentation affords. Preference is given to it over all other wines in New York and other hospitals as a tonic, gentle stimulant, diuretic and sudorific. Mr. Speer has been nine years experimenting in the production of this wine, and the newest wine he sells is four years old, of which our druggists have got in a supply. It

WHEN Grant's inhuman order expelling the Jews from their homes reached Washington, Hon. George H. Pendleton, with becoming indignation, moved in Congress a vote of censure for the act, which came within two votes of passing. Even Lincoln was so shocked at Grant's brutality, that under the spur of Pendleton's resolution, he promptly revoked the order.

A ST. LOUIS paper publishes a long card, signed by about two hundred Israelites of that city, in which Grant's order is reproduced and denounced. The signers, disclaiming anything of a partisan spirit, protest that while some are Radicals, some Conservatives, and some Democrats, all agree in the determination to oppose Grant's election.

THE *Revolution* is very hard on Grant. It has a writer who says: "He is a man without enemies, because he is a man without ideas. Having no principles in private life, no political opinions in public life, there is nothing to afford vitality to an enemy."

WHO IS IT?

Will the Radical party be good enough to inform us whom it is they have really nominated for President, so as we may know against whom we have to contend; for, like bravely-contending Richard, we begin to think there be six Richmonds in the field." Is it Hiram Ulysses Grant, as Grant senior asserts his son was christened; or Ulysses Hiram Grant, as the son himself used to sign his name at West Point; or Ulysses Simpson Grant, as he was entered upon the books of that academy by his friend and patron, and as, we believe, his friends, and himself are still in the habit of calling him? We understood that the Chicago Convention nominated one Ulysses S. Grant for President. Now suppose—and we wish this to be emphasized as a very large SUPPOSE—the said Ulysses S. Grant should be elected, who is going to be daring enough to administer, to a bogus and pretending Ulysses S. Grant, the sacred oath of office belonging to the real Hiram Ulysses Grant or Ulysses Hiram Grant? Every tyro of the law knows that if a writ intended to be served upon Mr. John Smyth is handed to that gentleman with the rare and singular cognomen of John Smith upon it, the said Mr. John Smyth will snap his fingers at the blundering document; how much more careful, therefore, should we be in singling out the right man in this wilderness of Grants. The matter is really becoming serious. The literary world has always been bothered about the real name of the great author of "Pelham," but then it did not matter the toss of a button whether we were admiring the works of Sir Edward Lytton Bulwer, or Sir Bulwer Edward Lytton, or Sir Lytton Edward Bulwer, or Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton. But here is a very different matter we have to contend with. It would be a sorry joke indeed if, after elevating to the Chief-magistracy of our great Republic a Ulysses S. Grant, we should find that the honor was intended—in the language of Mr. Toodles—not for "this man, but another man." We again implore the Radicals to let us know whom they have nominated for the Presidency, and we respectfully accompany the request with the question whether they don't think their nominee—even if having no policy of his own—should at least know enough to know his own name?—*World.*

SEEING there is some doubt as to Grant's real name, the New Orleans *Picayune* suggests that he be styled the "so-called" U. S. Grant.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A Permanent Tonic.

Every one at times feels the necessity of something to tone up the system depressed by mental or bodily exhaustion. At such times let every one, instead of taking alcoholic or medicinal stimulants, reinvigorate his debilitated system by the natural tonic elements of the

PERUVIAN SYRUP,

or Protected Solution of the Protoxide of Iron, which vitalizes and enriches the blood by supplying it with its *Life Element*, IRON.

Being free from Alcohol in any form, *its exercising effects are not followed by corresponding reaction*, but are permanent, infusing STRENGTH VIGOR and NEW LIFE into all parts of the system, and building up an IRON CONSTITUTION.

WM. C. STERLING, Esq., of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., says:

"Since taking the Peruvian Syrup I feel better, my strength is improved, my bowels are regular, my appetite first-rate."

"There is an old Physician in this city, (older than I am,) who has been in the Drug business for 40 years, who has used the Syrup for three months, and gives it as his decided opinion, that it is the best Alternative Tonic Medicine he

The Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY, JULY 3, 1868.

THE COMPROMISE FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

A Glorious Triumph Awaits Us!—Democrats, to Work Now!

The Radical nominations create no enthusiasm. The names of Grant and Colfax fall flat upon the public ear. We predict that the Democratic candidates chosen at New York on the 4th of July will electrify the white masses, and that Victory will perch upon our banners in November. But the campaign will be an active, a *working* one. No effort will be spared, as none should be, to rid the country of corrupt, tyrannical and destructive Radicalism. In this glorious work the COMPILER will take a full hand. In nothing that the editor can do, or his means afford, will it be behind its cotemporaries. In order, therefore, to enable us to do the more good, we have reduced our rates for the campaign (until after the Presidential election) to the following low figures:

Single copy, 75 cents; Five copies, $3; Ten copies, $5.

☞ As heretofore, any one of our present subscribers sending us the name of a new one, with $2 in cash, will receive a credit of fifty cents on his own subscription.

Democrats—Conservatives—all in favor of White Men ruling America—come up to this work at once. Spread the truth everywhere! Spread it *now!*

"WE denounce all forms of repudiation as a national crime."—*Chicago (Radical) Platform.*

How about the payment of the interest on our State debt in greenbacks when the *bond* called for specie? That was Radical action. Was it or not one of the "forms" of repudiation?

THE Radical leaders have advised Grant to leave Washington, and he is going out to the Rocky Mountains. This is done with a view to get him out of the reach of pestering politicians, who, it is feared, will get him to talk about something else than horses and Marshal Brown's pups.

THE Oregon election shows how Grant and impeachment "take" on the Pacific coast. Grant was urgent in favor of the impeachment of the President, and the Oregon Senators voted for it. They have been tried by their constituents and condemned. That verdict is as directly against Grant as against them; it repudiates both.

FORNEY'S Philadelphia *Press* contemptuously speaks of General McClellan as the author of "all quiet along the Potomac," but it fails to add that this quiet was not the lasting rest resulting from the loss of 117,000 men out of 220,000 in Grant's disastrous march from the Rapidan to the James.

FLORIDA is to come into the Union with a Governor from Wisconsin, a Congressman from Pennsylvania, United States Senators from the Eastern and Western States, and a local Legislature made up of negroes and carpet-bag men, selected "from all the world and the rest of mankind."

THE *State Guard* reiterates the assertion that the money "is in bank with which to buy a Republican election of United States Senator" in Pennsylvania next winter. If half that the Republicans have told us about the venality of their own members of the Legislature be true, the only safe course for the people is to elect Democrats who cannot be purchased, and thus redeem the fame of this good old Commonwealth.

THE Radical party is evidently getting alarmed at the prospect of losing their influence over the soldiers. Several recent occurrences indicate that the soldiers have become fully aware of the monstrous frauds practiced upon them during the war and since, and wherever they have been permitted to handle the ballot it has been on the side of conservatism. This fact is doubtless the secret of the recent movement in Congress to arm the negroes in the South, and thus dispense with the "white trash" as our country's defenders

"LET us have peace," say Grant's fugglemen, aping their leader.

Who hinders you? You have Congress by more than two-thirds in either branch. The President is not in your way, for you can and do override all his vetoes. The Supreme Court is not in your way, for you can and do abridge its jurisdiction. The army is not in your way, for you have created Grant military dictator in the Southern desert which you have made in ten States and call peace. These powers you have and have had for three years, thus utterly unimpeded. Have you been on every hand. If you wanted peace why didn't you give us peace?—*World.*

THE Democratic party despises intelligence, has a sovereign contempt for experience and fact, and a superstitious regard for wooden-headed idols; and the journalist who ignores these attributes of the party and its faith bitterly goes forth to destruction.—*New York Times.*

The perpetrator of this bit of infamy, says the Pittsburg *Post*, cannot plead ignorance and mitigation of damages. He knows who was the author of the Declaration of Independence, who made the Louisiana purchase, who instituted the measures which gave us California, New Mexico, &c., who have been the most high minded and patriotic statesmen of America, who inoculated obedience to the Constitution which would have prevented the civil war, the disunion, the slaughter, the desolation, the gigantic debt, the exhausting taxation, and the placing of this nation in the hands of ruffians, malefactors and fanatics to misgovern and plunder the people and destroy their liberties. Notwithstanding this knowledge, that the country owes every thing which has contributed to its greatness to the Democratic party, and that all its misfortunes have come from the opponents of that party, ex-Congressman Raymond, of the *Times*, slanders himself, and attempts to deceive his readers by ——— the vile slanders above quoted.

MARKET REPORTS.

	Gettysburg	
FLOUR,		11 00
RYE FLOUR,		7 00
WHITE WHEAT,		2 35
RED WHEAT,	$ 40 @	2 45
CORN,		1 15
RYE,		1 20
OATS,		75
BUCKWHEAT,		1 00
HAY,	9 00 @	10 00
CLOVER SEED,		6 00
FLAX SEED,		2 00
PORK,		18 00
	Baltimore.	
FLOUR,	9 00 @	9 75
WHEAT,	2 20 @	2 35
RYE,	1 65 @	1 95
CORN,	1 00 @	1 10
OATS,	80 @	90
CLOVER-SEED,	5 75 @	6 00
TIMOTHY-SEED,	2 75 @	3 00
HOGS, ? hund.	11 75 @	12 75
BEEF CATTLE, (head	15 50 @	17 00
HAY,	20 00 @	25 00
GOLD,		1 40

MARRIED.

On the 25th ult., by Rev. M. Sayler, of the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. PHILIP L. HOUCK to Miss KATE GROUP, both of this county.

On the 17th ult., at Dickinson Seminary, Williamsport, Pa., by Rev. Dr. Mitchell, Mr. H. S. MCNAIR, of Freedom Township, this county, to Miss NETTIE T. HAUER, of York.

DIED.

On Wednesday last, in this place, Mrs. BURNS, wife of John L. Burns, at an advanced age.

On the 14th ult., in Chambersburg, Mrs. SUSANNAH, wife of Mr. Peter Brough, aged 53 years 5 months and 2 days.

On the 31st of May, near Mount Carroll, Illinois, Mrs. ELIZABETH C. CHRISTIAN, daughter of Mr. Daniel Fried, formerly of this county, aged about 39 years.

On the 22d of June, at Hunterstown, ABRAHAM KING, Esq., in the 85th year of his age.

On the 28th ult., in this place, MAGGIE ANNETTA, daughter of John McCleary, Esq., in the 19th year of her age.

On Saturday week, at the Alms House, Mr. HENRY WOLFE, LINTON, son of Samuel D. and Catharine W. Linn, aged 3 years 11 months and 2 days.

Clinton was an unusually bright and loving child. His sparkling wit and gentle manners made him a general favorite with all his friends and acquaintances. He was the youngest of the family, and the household pet.

It is very painful to witness the intense suffering of this sweet child.

But it is over, and he is at rest;
He knows no pain, but he is sweetly blest.
Weep not, dear friends; meekly kiss the rod,
And prepare to meet thy child and God.

M. M. D.

EXCURSIONS BY RAILROAD!

EXCURSION TICKETS

WILL be sold by the Gettysburg Railroad at half fare, good for any of the trains from the 3d to the 6th of July inclusive, as follows:

From Gettysburg to Hanover Junction and return	$1 20
From Gettysburg to Hanover and return	75
From Gettysburg to Oxford and return	45
From Hanover to Gettysburg and return	75
From Oxford to Hanover Junction and return	85
From Oxford to Hanover and return	30
From Oxford to Gettysburg and return	45
From Hanover to Oxford and return	30

☞ Tickets will be sold at Hanover to all points on the Northern Central Railway during the same time at the same proportionate reduction of rates.

Trains leave Gettysburg at 8.15 A. M., 12.50 P. M., and 4.30 P. M., for Hanover. Trains leave Hanover at 9.15 A. M., 11.45 A. M. and 3.30 P. M., for Gettysburg.

This schedule will be continued for the accommodation of local travel until further notice. Persons having business in Gettysburg can arrive here at 10.30 A. M., or 12.20 P. M. and remain until 4.30 P. M.

R. MCCURDY, Sup't.

Gettysburg, July 3, 1868. tf

THE PENNSYLVANIA MUTUAL

Life Insurance Company

OF PHILADELPHIA.

921 CHESTNUT STREET.

ACCUMULATED CAPITAL—

$2,000,000.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

All the Surplus divided amongst the Policy Holders every year.

THE ONLY TRULY MUTUAL COMPANY IN THE CITY OR STATES.

LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY.

All information will be cheerfully given.

HENRY J. FAHNESTOCK,
Agent at Gettysburg, Pa.

July 3, 1868. 3m

BOOTS AND SHOES.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE undersigned has erected a new building, for a Boot and Shoe Establishment, on Carlisle street, near the Railroad Station, in Gettysburg, which he now offers for sale,

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c.,

for men, women and children, of different styles and prices. He has a fine assortment to select from, and will sell every article at the smallest profits.

WORK MADE TO ORDER, of the best materials and workmanship. Every effort made to render satisfaction. The patronage of the public is solicited. Call in, and select from his stock or leave your measure. In either case you cannot fail to be pleased.

JOHN M. REILLING.

July 3, 1868. 1y

2,500,000 Customers in Four Years!

PATRONIZE THE BEST!

Having the largest capital, most experienced buyers, and extensive trade of any concern in the Dollar Sale business, we

GUARANTEE SATISFACTION

in every instance, and also the best selection of Goods ever offered at

ONE DOLLAR EACH.

No other concern has any show wherever our Agents are selling. Our motto, "Prompt and Reliable." Male and female agents wanted in city and country.

THE LADIES

Are particularly requested to try our popular club system of selling all kinds of DRY AND FANCY GOODS, DRESS PATTERNS, COTTON CLOTH, CASTORS, SILVER PLATED GOODS, WATCHES, &c. (Established 1864.) A patent pen fountain and a check describing an article to be sold for a dollar, is sent for $2; 40 for $4; 60 for $6; 100 for $10; sent by mail. Free presents to getter up, (*worth 50 per cent. more than those offered by any other concern,*) according to size of club. Send us a trial club, or if not do not fail to send for a circular.

N. B.—Our sale should NOT be classed with New York dollar jewelry sales or bogus "Tea Companies," as it is nothing of the sort.

EASTMAN & KENDALL,
65 Hanover St., Boston, Mass.

July 3, 1868. 6m

Notice to Contractors.

PROPOSALS will be received by the Board of School Directors of Hamiltonban township, until the 25th day of JULY instant, for the purpose of BUILDING A NEW SCHOOL HOUSE in Fairfield.

The Board will meet at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, to give out the work. Specifications can be seen by calling on the President of the Board.

HENRY M. LANDIS, Pres't.

CHAS. J. SEFTON, Sec'y.

July 3, 1868. tl

NOTICE.

THE account of John C. Graby, Committee of Sarah Diller, a Lunatic, as exhibited by Cyrus Diller and Isaac Graby, Administrators of John Graby, deceased, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county and will be confirmed by said Court on the 8th day of August next, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

J. A. KITZMILLER, Proth'y.

July 3, 1868. 4t*

A RARE CHANCE.

THE CELEBRATED HORSE

CASHIER

IS NOW OFFERED FOR SALE. Over $1,000 will be realized from this horse this season. No more desirable investment as a breeder can be insured. For terms, &c., apply to

T. T. TATE,
June 26, 1868. 3t Gettysburg, Pa.

CASHTOWN SPRINGS.

EIGHT MILES FROM GETTYSBURG.

E. P. KITTINGER, Prop'r.

THE undersigned, having thoroughly re-fitted the NATIONAL HOTEL, in Cashtown, with the Springs attached thereto, invites the attention of the public to his superior accommodations. Persons desiring to spend a few weeks or months in a healthy neighborhood, with the advantages of pure mountain air, daily baths, trout-fishing, &c., can find no more attractive place. Visitors to Gettysburg and the battlefield can reach it in a couple hours' ride over a good road.

The Stabling accommodations are among the best in the county. A good table and the best of Wines and Liquors. Charges reasonable.

E. P. KITTINGER.

June 19, 1868. 3m

Robert D. Armor,

GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER,

East Middle St., half a square from the Court-house,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

WILL promptly attend to all orders in his line. Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded by any one living.

GAS PIPE furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights, &c.; also, WATER PIPE, Stops, Tap and Frost Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.

Bells hung, and furniture if desired.

Dec. 13, 1867. tf

Notice to Trespassers.

THE undersigned hereby warns all persons against trespassing on his premises, in Butler township, Adams county, either in sailing, hunting, berrying, or anything of the kind. Such as disregard this notice will have the law enforced against them.

JOHN CROM.

June 19, 1868. 3t

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of McCURDY & DIEHL will please call and settle. If not paid before the 1st of December, the Books will be left in the hands of an officer for collection, without regard to persons.

MCCURDY & DIEHL.

June 19, 1868. tf

TRUNKS, Valises, Oil Cloths and Railroad Shawls at CUNNINGHAM'S

640 MILES

OF THE

UNION PACIFIC

RAILROAD

Are now finished and in operation. Sixty miles of track have been laid this spring, and the work along the whole line between the Atlantic and Pacific States is being pushed forward more rapidly than ever before. More than twenty thousand men are employed, and it is not impossible that the entire track, from Omaha to Sacramento, will be finished in 1869 instead of 1870. The means provided are ample, and all that energy, men and money can do to secure the completion of this

GREAT NATIONAL WORK,

at the earliest possible day, will be done.

The UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY receive:

I.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT of the right of way, and all necessary timber and other materials found along the line of its operations.

II.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, taken in alternate sections on each side of its road. This is an absolute donation, and will be a source of large revenue in the future.

III.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT of United States Thirty-year Bonds, amounting to from $16,000 to $48,000 per mile, according to the difficulties to be surmounted on the various sections to be built. The Government takes a second mortgage as security, and it is expected that not only the interest, but the principal amount may be paid in services rendered by the Company in transporting troops, mails, &c. The interest is now much more than paid in this way, besides securing a great saving in time and money to the Government.

IV.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT of the right to issue its own FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, to aid in building the road, to the same amount as the U. S. Bonds, issued for the same purpose, and *no more.* THE GOVERNMENT PERMITS the Trustees for the First Mortgage Bondholders to deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the road is completed, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class Railroad, laid with a heavy T rail, and completely supplied with depots, stations, turnouts, car-shops, locomotives, cars, &c.

V.—A CAPITAL STOCK SUBSCRIPTION from the stockholders, of which *over Eight Million Dollars* have been paid in upon the work already done, and which will be increased as the wants of the Company require.

VI.—NET CASH EARNINGS on its Way Business, that already amount to MORE THAN THE INTEREST on the First Mortgage Bonds. These earnings are no indication of the vast through traffic that must follow the opening of the line to the Pacific, but they certainly prove that

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

upon such a property, costing nearly three times their amount,

Are Secure beyond any Contingency.

The Company have abundant means in their treasury, and make no appeal to the public to purchase their Bonds, as the daily subscriptions are entirely satisfactory; but they submit that, for entire security and liberal returns, there is certainly no better investment in the market.

The Union Pacific Bonds are for $1,000 each, and have coupons attached. They have thirty years to run, and bear annual interest, payable on the first days of January and July at the Company's Office in the City of New York, at the rate of six per cent. in gold. The principal is payable in gold at maturity. At the present rate of gold, these bonds pay an annual income on their cost of

NEARLY NINE PER CENT.,

And it is believed that they will soon be at a Premium.

The Company reserve the right to advance the price of their bonds to a rate above par at any time, and will not fill any orders or receive any subscriptions on which the money has not been actually paid at the Company's office before the time of such advance.

Subscriptions will be received in GETTYSBURG, by GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK and FIRST NATIONAL BANK, and in New York at the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau st., and by JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 59 Wall st., and by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States. Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.

A PAMPHLET AND MAP for 1868 has just been published by the Company; giving fuller information than is possible in an advertisement, respecting the Progress of the Work, Resources of the Country traversed by the Road, the Means for Construction, and the Value of the Bonds, which will be sent free on application at the Company's Offices or to any of the advertised Agents.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer, New York.

June 5, 1868. 7t

GILLESPIE & CO.,

Dealers in Flour, Groceries, Notions, &c.,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

INVITE the attention of the public to their large stock of Goods, at the old stand, on York street, Gettysburg, next door to the Globe Inn, consisting of the best of

GROCERIES,

Sugars, Syrups, Molasses, Coffees, Teas, Spices, Salt, &c.; the

BEST BRANDS OF FLOUR

in the market, with Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Fish, Dried Fruits, Confections, &c. Also,

NOTIONS,

in great variety; Cedar and Willow-ware, Stone and Crockery-ware, Baskets, Segars, Tobaccos, and a thousand and one other articles.

BUTTER AND EGGS,

nice and fresh, always for sale.

Gillespie & Co. will spare no effort to please, and are confident of being able to do so by constantly keeping a full and choice stock, and selling at the very lowest profits. COUNTRY PRODUCE wanted, either for the cash or in exchange for goods, highest market price allowed.

JOSEPH S. GILLESPIE,
DANIEL CASHMAN.

June 19, 1868. tf

March, 1868: Now ready, the following work, containing 1038 closely printed, large octavo pages, well bound in law sheep. Price, $10.

THE LAW REGISTER;

COMPRISING ALL THE

LAWYERS IN THE UNITED STATES:

THE STATE RECORD;

containing the

State and County Officers, the organization, Jurisdiction, and Terms of the Courts for every State and Territory:

THE OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

FOR THE UNITED STATES;

containing the

Officers of the Federal Government, the Duties of the several Departments, Sketches of all the Members of Congress, the Officers and Terms of the Federal Courts:

THE COLLECTOR'S ASSISTANT;

giving the

Laws for Collecting Debts, Executing Deeds, Verifying Claims, and Taking Testimony, with Forms for every State:

WITH MUCH OTHER USEFUL INFORMATION;

the whole constituting an official and

BUSINESS JOURNAL.

PREPARED UPON OFFICIAL RETURNS BY

JOHN LIVINGSTON,

Of the New York Bar, Secretary of the Merchants' Union Law Company.

NEW YORK:

Published by the Merchants' Union Law Co., No. 128 Broadway, Third Floor, (in the American Exchange National Bank Building.)

The Books will be sent, prepaid, to any address in the United States on receipt of Ten Dollars; or it will be forwarded by Express, with bill, to be paid on delivery.

June 12, 1868. 2t*

A SERVANT FOR ALL.

Roth's Improvement for Opening, Closing and Latching Gates.

MAY be attached to any gate and operated by a man, woman or small child, by one hand, in any desired direction from the gate—opens and closes from one point, at any distance from the gate. This improvement is simple and cheap, yet perfect and strong; will not be disarranged by the swinging of the gate, nor by the leaning of the posts; may be made at a country blacksmith's, and easily attached to a gate. The undersigned, having the Right for Adams county, will sell to any Township Rights of this improvement.

Also, ROTH & SHANE'S AMERICAN LEVER GATE—which will be found valuable and convenient to all who have gates to drive through—as they remain by their own, open, close and latch a gate, without the necessity of getting in the wet or mud.

For further information, &c., address

ISRAEL BRICKER,
Menallen P. O., Adams co., Pa.

May 1, 1868. tf

SCHOOL EXAMINATION.

THERE will be an Examination of applicants to fill the vacancies in the Schools of Gettysburg and Districts, for the Spring Session, on FRIDAY, the 10th day of JULY next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., by the County Superintendent. The Board meets at 2 o'clock, P. M., at same day for School Directors.

H. WARREN, President.

J. F. MCCLEARY, Secretary.

June 19, 1868. td

WOOL WANTED.

THE highest market price will be given for Wool by

DEPHORN & HOFFMAN,
May 29, 1868. N. W. Cor. Square, Gettysburg.

EIGHT-DAY, thirty-hour and Alarm Clocks, at CUNNINGHAM'S.

A VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND

AT PUBLIC SALE.

ON MONDAY, the 6th day of JULY next, the undersigned, Administratrix with the will annexed of Daniel Bettler, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, a valuable

TRACT OF GRANITE LAND,

situate on the Baltimore turnpike, in Cumberland township, a short distance below the Cemetery, and near the Gettysburg borough line, adjoining Abraham Spangler and J. George Wolf, and containing EIGHT ACRES, more or less, in good cultivation and under good fencing. This is a valuable tract, and should command the attention of buyers. Persons wishing to view it are requested to call on Mr. John Keefauver, living close by.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

HANNAH LENTZ,
Administratrix with the will annexed.

June 26, 1868. ts

VALUABLE PROPERTY

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale the Farm on which he now resides, in Butler township, on the road leading from Bell's Mill to Middletown, about 1 mile from Arendtsville, adjoining lands of John Hanes, Wm. Taylor, and others, and containing 100 ACRES, more or less. The improvements consist of a two-story LOG WEATHERBOARDED DWELLING, with a Kitchen attached, a good Frame Bank Barn, Carriage House, Shop and Spring House; a thriving Apple Orchard and all kinds of choice fruit. The property is in good condition, the land in a fine state of cultivation, and the buildings in thorough repair—the dwelling being sufficiently large to accommodate two families. About 15 acres are in good Meadow, and about 25 acres in Timber. It lies on the Conowago. The location and surroundings make it a very desirable property.

Persons wishing to view the premises, or ascertain terms, will apply to the subscriber, residing thereon.

DANIEL ARENDT.

June 6, 1868. 2m

AN ELEGANT

NEW TOWN PROPERTY

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned, intending to change his residence, offers at private sale, the new and delightful property he now occupies, at the corner of York and Liberty streets, Gettysburg, Pa. It consists of

TWO FULL LOTS OF GROUND,

admirably located, and having thereon a large DOUBLE HOUSE, frame, weatherboarded, put up in the very best style, within the last year; also a well of excellent water, and choice young fruit trees. The lots are under the best of fence.

This is a very desirable residence, and should at once attract buyers.

GEORGE STALLSMITH.

June 26, 1868. 3m

SELLING OFF

As rapidly as I can make room for more

GROCERIES & LIQUORS.

HAVING just returned from the City with the largest and most varied assortment of fine Goods ever offered here, I expect everybody to look to their interest and buy where they can get the cheapest and best for the CASH, as that is my motto.

FAMILY GROCERIES, of all kinds, consisting in part of Syrups of all kinds, Molasses, Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Spices, &c.

FLOUR, BACON, LARD, Dried Beef, large lot of very good Sugar-cured Hams, No. 1 Mackerel, Shad and Herring.

MY LIQUORS cannot be surpassed in cheapness or quality, from common Whiskey to Pure French Brandy, Holland Gin or Rye Whiskey—for medical or other purposes. Hotel Keepers can be supplied with Liquors at City prices, and save freight and package. Mishler's, Hostlandt's and Zingari Bitters, also A. Speer's Grape Wine.

WM. J. MARTIN,
Baltimore street, Gettysburg.

May 29, 1868. tf

NEW STOCK

OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

AT NEW OXFORD, ADAMS CO., PA.

Our Motto is Small Profits & Quick Sales.

THE undersigned would most respectfully announce to the citizens of New Oxford and vicinity, that they are now receiving a large and desirable stock of NEW GOODS, bought since the recent decline, and can offer superior inducements to our customers. Our stock is complete and purchased with an eye to the wants of this section, consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready-made Clothing, Fancy Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Notions, Hard-ware, Queens-ware, Grindstones, &c. Also, Steel, Bar Iron, Horse Shoes, and all kinds of Iron. Together with many other articles too numerous to mention, all of which have been bought for Cash, at figures for Cash. We respectfully solicit a call, believing that we can make it to your interest to buy of us, for we are determined to sell goods at short profits. Come on with your money and we will give you full value for it. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

FREY & SCHNELL,
Successors to J. C. Zouck & Son.

May 29, 1868. 6m*

NEW FIRM

In New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.

THE undersigned have leased the BRICK WAREHOUSE, in New Oxford, where they are carrying on the

GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS,

paying the highest prices for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Dried Fruits, Hides, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, &c.

GROCERIES, of all kinds, constantly on hand and for sale—Coffees, Sugars, Syrups, Molasses, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Brooms, Buckets, Soaps; Fish of all kinds; also Coal Oil, Fish Oil, Tar, &c.; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, and a thousand other articles—all sold at the lowest profits.

Also, first-rate Flour and Feed; Plaster, Phosphates, Guanos, Coal, &c.

FREIGHT CARS run to Stevenson & Sons, North Howard street, Baltimore, every week. Goods carried both ways promptly and at low rates.

The patronage of the public is solicited. Every effort made to please.

MELHORN & BENDER.

New Oxford, May 29, 1868. ly*

THE GREAT

CONOWAGO PHOSPHATE,

PREPARED BY

C. W. BENSON, M. D.,

LITTLESTOWN, PA.

THE Conowago Phosphate is destined to stand at the head of American Fertilizers. It has already proved its SUPERIOR QUALITIES, and ample certificates of its high merits will soon be furnished to the public. The proprietors will spare no means or pains to make it a reliable and uniform article. It is superior to Peruvian Guano, because it is MORE LASTING in its effect and EQUALLY AS QUICK AS THE FIRST CROP. It does not over-stimulate the soil, as most of the fertilizers in the market do, and leave the land after gathering the first crop in a worse condition than before using, but it remains an active fertilizer in the soil, and continues year after year to show itself on every crop that is put in the land.

The Conowago Phosphate contains a large percentage of Ammonia and Phosphoric acid, which are essential elements to vegetable food. They either enter directly into the plant or prepare the alkaline in the soil to do so, the base of the Conowago Phosphate is PURE RAW BONE, completely and thoroughly dissolved without the use of any volatile agent.

One of the great advantages of the Conowago Phosphate is that it will dissolve the sand in the soil and set the silica free to be absorbed by the growing plant, which is a very important ingredient in giving strength to the straw, stalk and grain. *It will prevent the falling and lodging of crops* that are forced up by a wet and warm season, and will greatly facilitate *the ripening of the grain and prevent the rust.*

Agencies are being established throughout the country wherever fertilizers are sold. We are not afraid to place it beside the best in the country.

Let all the farmers and planters make up their minds that they will try the Great Conowago Phosphate this fall.

Price *Fifty Dollars* per ton.

BENSON & MAUS,
Proprietors.

☞ The Conowago Phosphate being made very fine, and thoroughly disintegrated, makes it convenient to use in drills, and mixes more freely with the soil. All farmers know the advantage of fine fertilizers.

June 12, 1868. tf

ADAMS COUNTY

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATED MARCH 16, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—F. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, M. Eichelberger, S. R. Russell, F. G. Fahnestock, A. D. Buehler, R. G. McCreary, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Frederick Diehl, Franklin; Wm. Hamilton, New Oxford; Wm. R. Wilson, Bendersville; H. A. Picking, Straban; John Wolford, Latimore; John Picking, East Berlin; Wm. Wright, Bendersville; Abdiel F. Gilt, New Oxford; Jas. H. Marshall, Hamiltonban; John Cunningham, Freedom; John Horner, Mountjoy; Wm. Ross White, Liberty.

☞ The Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 17 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to $15,000. Any person desiring an insurance can apply to either of the following gentlemen:

D. A. Buehler, Gettysburg.
F. G. Fahnestock, "
Jacob King, Straban township.
H. A. Picking, "
Frederick Diehl, Franklin "
Wm. Wilson, Liberty "
H. C. Peters, Petersburg, (P. O.)

☞ The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

June 19, 1868. tf

ABATEMENT—SCHOOL TAXES.

AN abatement of FIVE PER CENT. will be allowed on all School Taxes for the Borough of Gettysburg, assessed for the current year, which may be paid to the Collector, Wm. Guinn, or to the Treasurer, R. G. Fahnestock, on or before the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST NEXT.

By order of the Board,

H. WARREN, President.

J. F. MCCLEARY, Secretary.

June 19, 1868. td

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

SPRING GOODS.

We are constantly receiving new and desirable

styles of

SILKS, POPLINS, PERCALES,

PIQUES, SPRING COAKINGS, ALPACAS,

DELAINES, CALICOES, LAWNS, &c.

Also large additions to our usual supply of

GINGHAMS, MUSLINS,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, JEANS,

with every variety of Goods for Men's and Boy's wear. We have added considerably to our assortment of

CARPETS,

which we are selling at greatly reduced prices.

Our stock of

QUEENS-WARE

is complete. In

HARD-WARE,

and all kinds of

BUILDING MATERIALS,

we feel assured we can make it to the interest of the purchaser to purchase from us.

IRON AND NAILS at reduced prices.

OILS AND PAINTS at low rates.

GROCERIES, of all kinds.

Give us a call and be convinced.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS,
Sign of the Red Front.

Gettysburg, May 1, 1868. tf

ROW & WOODS,

GETTYSBURG.

SUMMER STOCK

OF

DRY GOODS

AND

DRESS GOODS,

NOTIONS,

LADIES' HATS,

LADIES' SHOES,

HILDREN'S SHOES,

HATS FOR BOYS,

HATS FOR MEN,

HATS FOR CHILDREN;

MACHINE COTTON,

good as Coates's, at much less price.

HOOP SKIRTS,

in great variety;

BALMORAL SKIRTS.

MEN AND BOY'S WEAR;

at low prices.

TRUNKS,

of all sizes—

ALL SOLD CHEAP.

May 1, 1868. tf

HEAD-QUARTERS

FOR

CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES

AND

Every Kind of Gentlemen's Wear,

SUCH AS

LINEN COLLARS,

PAPER CUFFS,

PAPER BOSOMS,

COTTON STOCKINGS,

GLOVES,

HANDKERCHIEFS,

POCKET BOOKS,

TRAVELING SACKS,

UMBRELLAS,

CANES, &c., &c.

I keep Gentlemen's Wear of all kinds and will sell them at the

Lowest Cash Prices.

ALSO

BOYS' HATS AND SHOES,

in great variety.

☞ Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

THEO. C. NORRIS.

April 24, 1868. tf

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN,

NORTH-WEST CORNER,

CENTRE SQUARE,

GETTYSBURG.

1

ALPACCAS,
EMPRESS CLOTHS,
MUSLINS, DELAINES,
CALICOES & GINGHAMS,

8

BALMORAL SKIRTS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
SACKINGS,
SHAWLS,

6

COTTONADES,
BLACK CLOTHS,
TRICOT CLOTHS,
FANCY CASSIMERES,

8

HOSIERY, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS,
COLLARS,
JEANS,

!!!

CARPETS,
MUSLIN CURTAINS,
KNIVES AND FORKS,
UMBRELLAS, WINDOW BLINDS.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE!

April 17, 1868. 1y

8 SUMMER Cassimer Coats, Pants and Vests, at CUNNINGHAM'S.

McCURDY & HAMILTON,

DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &C.

THE undersigned are paying, at their Warehouse, in Carlisle street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCKWHEAT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY-SEEDS, POTATOES, &C.

and invite producers to give them a call before selling.

They have constantly on hand for sale,

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,

Molasses, Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt, Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard, Tobaccos, &c. Also the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds. They likewise have

SEVERAL VALUABLE FERTILIZERS,

Soluble Pacific Guano, Rhodes' Phosphate and A. A. Mexican Guano.

Whilst they pay the highest market prices for all they buy, they sell at the lowest living profits. They ask a share of public patronage, resolved to give satisfaction in every case.

ROBERT MCCURDY,
WM. S. HAMILTON.

Gettysburg, July 1, 1867.

NEW FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE.

HAVING purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c., of Culp & Earnshaw, the undersigned intend to carry on the business, under the firm of Bigham & Co., at the old stand, on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

We are paying the highest market prices for HAY, FLOUR, GRAIN AND ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE.

FLOUR and FEED, SALT, and all kinds of GROCERIES, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had any where else.

PLASTER, and all kinds of FERTILIZERS, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.

A REGULAR LINE OF FREIGHT CARS will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY MORNING, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion requires. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our carts run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 165 North Howard street, Baltimore. Being determined to pay good prices, sell cheap and deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.

M. M. BIGHAM,
ALEXANDER COBEAN,
JAMES BIGHAM.

Jan. 17, 1868. tf

CHANGE OF FIRM.

THE undersigned have leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on the

Grain and Produce Business

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, and in fact everything else in the country produce line.

Groceries, of all kinds

constantly on hand and for sale—Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soaps, &c. Also COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load. We will also run

Lines of Freight Cars

to No. 77 North street, BALTIMORE, and 811 Market street, PHILADELPHIA. All goods sent to either of the above places will be received and forwarded promptly. Goods should be marked "Benners' Car."

H. S. BENNER & BRO.

April 10, 1868. tf

DR. JAMES CRESS,

DRUGGIST,

STORE IN BRANT'S BUILDING, BALTIMORE ST.,

LITTLESTOWN.

HAVING opened a New DRUG STORE and fitted it up in the best style, I offer my stock of pure and fresh DRUGS to the citizens of Littlestown and vicinity at the lowest market rates, consisting in part of

DRUGS AND FAMILY MEDICINES, PURE LIQUORS FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES, PATENT MEDICINES, HORSE POWDERS,

Pure Spices,

The Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY, JULY 3, 1868.

SALT AND LIME FOR WHEAT.

At a recent meeting of the Farmers' Club of the American Institute, in New York, Mr. George Steele, of Thorndale, Chester county, Pa., stated that he has used salt with lime, and alone, as a manure for wheat, for a number of years, with good effect. He thinks that one and a half sacks of merchantable ground salt, or an equivalent of dirty salt, and 25 bushels of lime per acre, produce as good wheat as a moderate dressing of stable manure, and the grass after the wheat is as good. The salt and lime have been applied after plowing, and harrowed in; the lime spread with a shovel or lime spreader, as soon as slaked, while in a powdered condition, and the salt sown broadcast, or mixed with lime before spreading, or the lime slaked with brine. The rocks on Mr. Steele's farm are shale slate. The soil, gravel, clay, and loam, exhausted about 74 years ago, and its cultivation abandoned. It has since been reclaimed from barrenness by an improved system of agriculture, and the use of lime as a manure. The land to which the salt was applied had been frequently limed, which fact may be important in considering the effect of the salt applied alone. Mr. S. believes it to be as good for this land as the salt and lime.

TOBACCO FOR ANIMALS & PLANTS.

I have found by experience that a strong decoction of tobacco will destroy vermin on either animals or plants. I have used it extensively during many years for destroying ticks on sheep and lambs; have dipped thousands of them in tobacco water, made by boiling coarse, damaged, cheap tobacco, or stems and waste, in water, and have found it an effectual cure for the scab, which disease is caused by the working of an insect or mite in the skin of the sheep. It is a sovereign remedy for the blue lice on cattle and horses.

Tobacco water will destroy the aphis or plant louse. Gardeners find their green house plants need to be submitted to a delicate using of this wash occasionally, to place them in a condition to become healthy and vigorous. When applied to fruit trees, of course waste tobacco is used; add one pound of copperas to five gallons of the wash. Plug tobacco contains copperas in quantities sufficient to kill any animal that has not accustomed itself, by slow degrees, to its use.

Almost every tree or plant is infested with an injurious insect, peculiar to itself, which preys upon its substance, and will, if in sufficient numbers, destroy its vitality. The hop, in sections infested with the hop aphis, is frequently either wholly or partially destroyed; when, by one or two thorough applications of tobacco water, by means of a force pump or garden engine, as they commence their work, the whole aphis army might be swept away. When the vine is trained low, upon seven feet stakes and twine, a garden engine is unnecessary, as the wash can be applied as effectually and with less water, with a common large syringe.

Tobacco smoke will stupefy any animal, and used in a sufficient quantity, has a fatal effect upon all which plug tobacco will destroy. Indeed there seems to be but one animal—mamalia—upon which tobacco, in either shape, does not have an immediate fatal effect. However, if that animal would otherwise be infested with insects, trichinœous in their nature, in the mouth, tobacco will keep them away. Perhaps that is their case.

If a sheep or calf is covered with a rubber or leather spread, or thick blanket, and a smoke of tobacco is made under the covering, in half an hour or less, every tick and nit will be destroyed. Currant worms may be served in the same manner. This is not only an effective remedy against vermin, but of good use for most obnoxious weeds.—*Cor. Country Gentleman.*

IMPORTANCE OF PRESENCE OF MIND.

1. If a man faints, place him flat on his back and let him alone.

2. If any poison is swallowed, drink instantly half a glass of cool water, with a teaspoonful each of common salt and ground mustard stirred into it. This vomits as soon as it reaches the stomach. For fear some poison may remain, swallow the white of one or two raw eggs, or drink a cup of strong coffee. These two being better antidotes for the greater number of poisons than any dozen other articles known, with the advantage of their always being at hand; if not, a pint of sweet oil, or lamp oil, or "drippins," or melted butter, or lard, are good substitutes, especially if they vomit immediately.

3. The best thing to stop the bleeding of a moderate cut, instantly, is to cover it profusely with cobweb, or flour and salt, half and half.

4. If the blood comes from a wound by jets or spirts, be spry, or the man will die in a few minutes, because an artery is severed; tie a handkerchief loosely around; near the part, between the wound and the heart; put a stick between the handkerchief and the skin and twist it around until the blood ceases to flow; keep it there till the doctor comes; if in a position where the handkerchief cannot be used, press the thumb on a spot near the wound, between the wound and the heart; increase the pressure until the bleeding ceases, but until the physician arrives, so as to glue up the wound by the coagulation or cooling of the hardening blood.

5. If your clothing takes fire, slide the hands down the dress, keeping them as close to the body as possible, at the same time sinking to the floor by bending the knees; this has a smothering effect upon the flames; if not extinguished, or a great headway gotten, lie down on the floor and roll over and over; or better, envelope yourself in a carpet, rug, bedcloth, or any garment you can get hold of, always preferring woolen.

6. If the body is tired, rest; if the brain is tired, sleep.

7. If the bowels are loose, lie down in a warm bed, remain there and eat nothing until you are well.

Grass cut in blossom is hurt less by rain than if cut when ripe. Secondly, there are two kinds of grass, one corresponding to corn yielding eighty bushels, and the other to corn yielding ten bushels to the acre.

Butler's mania for spoons has become so great that he carries pewter ones with him to parties to put in the goblets when he steals the silver ones. This is a Yankee trick worthy of the genius of a Robert McClure.

"When the oak is in leaf before the ash, it is said to betoken a dry summer." "If this is correct," says an English paper, "the present summer will be a fine one, as the oak has taken the lead this year."

A western editor says that in smoky Pittsburg men kiss each other's wives, and are able to tell which are their own only by the taste.

GETTYSBURG

NATIONAL BANK.

GOVERNMENT BONDS, of all kinds, BOUGHT and SOLD.

SEVEN-THIRTY BONDS converted into FIVE-TWENTY BONDS without charge.

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES CASHED.

The HIGHEST PREMIUM paid on GOLD and SILVER.

STOCKS and BONDS, of all kinds, bought for persons without CHARGING COMMISSION.

ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS *allowed* 1 *per cent.*, viz:

5 per cent. for 1 year,
4 per cent. for 6 months,
3 per cent. for 3 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds, and Stocks of all kinds, are invited to give us a call, and we will give all information cheerfully.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Oct. 25, 1867. tf

FIRST

NATIONAL BANK

OF GETTYSBURG

Will allow interest on Special Deposits, as follows.

5 per cent. per annum for 1 year.
4 " " " " 6 months.
3 " " " " 3 "

Will convert 7-30 NOTES into 5-20 BONDS, as usual, free of charge.

CASH COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES and COUPONS.

Will also purchase or sell STOCKS and BONDS of every kind, free of charge as commission, and will at all times pay the HIGHEST PRICE for GOLD and SILVER, and will, with pleasure, transact all business promptly, as heretofore, pertaining to a well regulated Bank.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 8, 1867.

GETTYSBURG

LIME KILNS.

THE undersigned has bought out his former partner, Wm. Guinn, and now continues the

THE LIME-BURNING BUSINESS.

himself—at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns, on the corner of the Railroad and North Stratton Street. Thankful for past patronage, he will endeavor to deserve its continuance, by prosecuting the business as vigorously and on as large a scale as possible—always selling a good article and giving good measure. Farmers and others may look for the prompt filling of orders.

He also continues the

COAL BUSINESS,

offering the most popular kinds. Housekeepers and others should give him a call. Blacksmith Coal constantly on hand.

Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

JACOB REILEY.

Gettysburg, Nov. 15, 1867. tf

THE HOWE

SEWING MACHINES!

The most Perfect & Reliable in America!

The highest premium—the Cross of the Legion of Honor, and Gold Medal—awarded at the Paris Exposition, 1867.

☞Every kind of work can be done on them.

For sale at Geo. Jacobs & Bro's. Store, Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, where they can be found operating and giving full instructions on the Machines.

☞GEO. JACOBS & BRO. are the only Agents for Adams co., Pa. Circulars containing price list, &c., can be had by addressing them.

Jan. 21, 1868. tf

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS

TOBACCOS, &C.

ALSO,

Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of all Goods

usually kept in a

FIRST-CLASS FAMILY GROCERY.

Jan. 10, 1868. tf

CHEAP FOR CASH!

NEW STORE!

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C.

The undersigned has returned to Gettysburg, and opened a new Store, on Baltimire street, next door to the Post Office, and nearly opposite the Court House, where he offers for sale, CHEAP FOR CASH, a large and choice assortment of Groceries,—

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, SALT, &C., with FISH,

BACON, LARD, &C.

Also, Liquors,—

WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, WHISKIES, RUMS,

and everything else in the line.

Also, any quantity of Notions, to suit any and everybody.

Recollect this is the place to buy CHEAP FOR CASH.

GEO. F. KALBFLEISCH.

April 23, 1867.

GOOD NEWS!

HENRY OVERDEER,

BALTIMORE ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.,

HAS completed his new Store House and just returned from the city with a fresh and well selected stock of Goods, which he respectfully invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine.

HE SELLS CHEAP.

His stock consists of

GROCERIES,
FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS,
CEDAR, WILLOW AND QUEENS-WARE,
FLOUR, CORN MEAL,
FEED, &C,

☞The cash or trade will be given for Flour, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, Lard, Rags, &c.

March 20, 1868. tf

TIN-WARE & STOVES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF TIN-WARE IN THE COUNTY, AT

S. G. COOK'S,

(former Andrew Polley's;) also some of THE BEST COOKING STOVES IN MARKE among which are the

OLD DOMINION,
COMPROMISE,
PENNSYLVANIA,
NOBLE COOK,
ECONOMIST,
BARLEY SHEAF, &c

Also, many other articles for Kitchen use, which will be sold on low as at any other place in the county.

S. G. COOK.

June 28, 1867. tf

Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

DOUBLE track route running between Philadelphia and Pittsburg. Trains leaving Gettysburg make the following connections with this Trunk line:

Gettysburg	leave at	8.15 a. m. and	12.45 p. m.
Hanover Junc	arrive	10.05 "	2.35 "
"	leave	10.36 "	2.40 "
Harrisburg	arrive	12.55 p. m.	11.45 "
"	leave	4.10 "	2.45 a. m.
Philadelphia	arrive	9.40 "	7.10 "
Harrisburg	leave	1.15 "	12.15 "
Pittsburg	arrive	1.30 a. m.	9.20 "

At Philadelphia close connections are made with the trains for New York, Boston and all Eastern Cities. At Pittsburg connections are made in the New Union Depot with the trains for all Western points.

☞For further information apply to

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
Gen. Supt., Altoona, Pa.

HENRY W. GWINNER, Gen. Pass Ag't., Phila.

June 5, 1868. tf

Gettysburg Railroad.

CHANGE OF CONNECTIONS.—On and after Monday, May 11th, 1868, Passenger Trains will leave and arrive at Gettysburg, and make connections, as follows:

FIRST PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 8.15 A. M., with passengers for York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and the North and West, arriving at Hanover Junction without change of cars, at 10.15 A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South on the Northern Central Railway, and arriving at Baltimore at 12.30 noon. Also connecting with Mail Train from Baltimore north, arriving in Harrisburg at 1.00 P. M. Arriving at Gettysburg 12.30 P. M., with passengers from Harrisburg, York, Baltimore and Washington.

SECOND PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 12.45, P. M., arriving at Hanover Junction at 2.40, and connecting with mail train South. Arrive at Baltimore at 5.20 P. M. Arrive at Gettysburg at 4.30 P. M., with passengers from Philadelphia, Harrisburg and the North and West, and also with passengers from Baltimore and Washington by the fast line north, which leaves Baltimore at 12.10 noon.

Passengers can leave Baltimore in the Mail Train at 8.30 A. M., and arrive in Gettysburg at 12.30 P. M. Or leave Baltimore in the fast line at 12.10 noon, and arrive in Gettysburg at 4.20 P. M. But one change of cars either way: at Hanover Junction.

R. McCURDY, Pres't.

May 22, 1867.

Hanover Branch Railroad.

ON and after MONDAY, Dec. 9th, 1867, passenger trains on the Hanover Branch Railroad will leave as follows:

FIRST TRAIN will leave Hanover at 9.20 A. M., with passengers for York, Baltimore, Harrisburg, and the North and West. This train arrives at the Junction at 10.10 A. M., connecting with the Fast Line South, on the Northern Central Railway, which arrives at Baltimore at 12.30 P. M., and also with the Mail Train North, which arrives at Harrisburg at 12.55 P. M.

☞This train returns to Hanover at 11.50 P. M., and arrives at Gettysburg at 12.35 P. M.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Hanover at 2.45 P. M., and arrives at the Junction at 3.40 P. M., connecting with the Mail Train South, which arrives at Baltimore at 6.30 P. M. Passengers by this train for York lay over at the Junction until 8.15 P. M.

☞This Train returns to Hanover at 4.45 P. M., with passengers for Hanover, Gettysburg and Littlestown.

Passengers leaving Baltimore for Hanover, Gettysburg and Littlestown, will take either the Mail Train at 8.30 A. M., or the Fast Line at 12.10 P. M.

JOSEPH LEIB, Agent.

Dec. 20, 1867. tf

NEW DRUG STORE,

IN NEW OXFORD.

THE undersigned has opened a Drug Store in New Oxford, Adams county, and respectfully calls the attention of the public to his stock of

PAINTS,
OILS,
VARNISHES
DYE STUFFS,
WINDOW GLASS,
PATENT MEDICINES,

and a full assortment of DRUGS; in a word a complete stock of Goods generally kept in a first-class Drug Store. All of which have been purchased during the past two weeks, and will be sold low. All the articles formerly manufactured at the old establishment in East Berlin can be had here. Understanding his business perfectly, and selecting his goods himself, he is able to warrant his Drugs pure and as represented. The public are requested to give him a trial.

D. M. MILLER.

New Oxford, May 6, 1867. tf

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of

HARDWARE & GROCERIES,

which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

BUILDING MATERIALS,
CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
COACH FINDINGS,
SHOE FINDINGS,
CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &c.,
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,
OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c.

There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 15, 1864.

KISSINGER & SHIREMAN,

NO. 2 WEST MARKET STREET, *YORK, PA.*,

AGENTS AND DEALERS IN

PIANOS & CABINET ORGANS, MELODEONS, AND ALL KINDS OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to furnish Pianos of the following manufacture or of any other make that may be preferred:

Albright, Reikes & Schmidt, Chickering & Son, Bradbury, Knabe & Son, Gale & Son,

ESTEY'S CELEBRATED COTTAGE, HARMONIC AND BOUDOIR *ORGANS AND MELODEONS.*

These Instruments stand unrivalled by any thing found in this country or in Europe, as is admitted by all impartial judges, from the most eminent Pipe Organ Builders and Performers, the last to discover excellence in reed Tone, pronounced them vastly superior to all others for exceedingly quick articulation and musical Tone, the essential feature in instruments of this class. We invite the severe scrutiny and criticism of all.

PATENT VOX HUMANA TREMOLO.

This late and most wonderful invention (so acknowledged by all leading artists) will be found only in the Estey Instruments. In attempting to describe the effect of this stop, we are at loss for language. Its beauties cannot be written, but must be heard to be appreciated. By this stop an ordinary performer can produce an effect which requires a life time of practice for an artist upon a violin. It entirely changes the reed Tone, giving the sympathetic sweetness of the human voice, making it so melodious and pure that it never fails to enchant the listener.

THE HARMONIC ORGAN

for Churches, Public Halls and Parlors has a powerful sub-Bass with independent reeds, Harmonic attachment and Vox Humana Tremolo, and is believed to be the most powerful reed organ made, being nearly equal to a Pipe Organ of three times the cost.

All instruments warranted for five years.

☞BRASS BANDS supplied with instruments and music at reasonable terms.

A liberal discount allowed for Churches and Sabbath Schools.

☞Instructions given both in Vocal and Instrumental Music, at our rooms, and at pupils' homes, either to individuals or classes, on reasonable terms.

Dec. 17 1866. tf

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628 **HOOP SKIRTS.** 628

WM. T. HOPKINS' "OWN MAKE"

OF

"KEYSTONE SKIRTS,"

ARE the best and CHEAPEST LOW PRICED Hoop Skirts in the market. Trail Skirts, 23 springs, $1.00; 31 springs, $1.20; and 40 springs, $1.45. Plain Skirts, 6 tapes, 20 springs, 90 Cents; 25 springs, 95 Cents; 30 springs, $1.15; and 35 springs, $1.25. Warranted in every respect.

"Our OWN Make" of "UNION SKIRTS," Eleven Tape Trails, from 20 to 50 springs, $1.20 to $2.50. Plain, 8 tape Skirts, 20 to 50 springs, from 85 Cents to $2.00. These Skirts are better than those sold by other establishments as first class goods, and at much lower prices.

"Our OWN Make" of "CHAMPION SKIRTS" are in every way superior to all other Hoop Skirts before the public, and only have to be examined or worn to convince every one of the fact. Manufactured of the best linen-finished English Steel Springs, very superior tapes, and the style of the metalic fastenings and manner of securing them surpass for durability and excellence any other Skirt in this country, and are lighter, more elastic, wear longer, give more satisfaction, and are really cheaper than all others. *Every lady should try them.* They are being sold extensively by Merchants throughout this and the adjoining states at very moderate prices. If you want the best ask for "Hopkins' Champion Skirt." If you do not find them, get the merchant with whom you deal to order them for you, or come or send direct to us. Merchants will find out different grades of skirts exactly what they need, and we especially invite them to call and examine our extensive assortment, or send for Wholesale Price List.

To be had at Retail at Manufactory, and of the Retail Trade generally, and at Wholesale of the Manufacturer only, to whom all orders should be addressed.

MANUFACTORY AND SALEROOM, 628 ARCH STREET,

Between 6th and 7th sts., Philadelphia.

WM. T. HOPKINS.

Feb. 28, 1868. 10m

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored.

JUST published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically.*

This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. Box 4586.

Mar. 6, 1868. 3m.

John W. Tipton,

FASHIONABLE BARBER, Northeast corner of the Diamond, (next door to McClellan's Hotel,) Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also excellent assistance and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call.

June 8, 1868.

REMOVAL!

THE GETTYSBURG SKY-LIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street, just nearly opposite the store of Pahnestock Brothers. The room he now occupies has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled any where else.

LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS,

of every size and description, executed in the finest style. Particular attention given to the CARTE DE VISITE, and to copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—

THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,

a new style of picture, which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty, but for cheapness and convenience. SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR only. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURE, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.

We are prepared to carry on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in

GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION

Our facilities for a full display of our skill are unequalled by any other Gallery in the county, and we would therefore invite every one to call at the

NEW GETTYSBURG SKY-LIGHT GALLERY.

Call and examine our Specimens and judge for yourselves.

LEVI MUMPER.

June 25, 1866.

ADAMS COUNTY AHEAD!

The Excelsior Patent Fly-Net,

Manufactured entirely of Leather, and much neater than Cotton or Linen Nets. For service unsurpassed.

PATENTED FEBRUARY 18TH, 1868,

BY BURKHOLDER, WORLEY & GROVE, ||

J. L. WORLEY, Sole Agent for the EXCELSIOR PATENT NET for Adams county,

HAS constantly on hand manufactured Nets of the above Patent. Also,

SADDLES,
HARNESS,
COLLARS,
BRIDLES,
WHIPS,
TRUNKS,
BLANKETS,
BELLS,
AND EVERYTHING

pertaining to a Horse furnishing establishment.

☞AGENTS WANTED to sell Territory for Patent Nets, also to sell Nets on commission in the county. All communications should be addressed to J. L. WORLEY,

York Sulphur Springs, Adams co., Pa.

April 3, 1868. tf

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY

AND ALL OTHERS

WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues the

CARPENTERING BUSINESS,

at his old stand, on West street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.

☞Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business, to receive a liberal share o public patronage.

WM. CHRITZMAN.

June 17, 1867. tf

NEW BAKERY.

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER,

MECHANICAL BAKERS,

South Washington street, one square from the Eagle Hotel, GETTYSBURG, Pa. Constantly on hand, the best of

BREAD, CRACKERS, CAKES, PRETZELS, &c.

Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning, by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please. Give us a call.

April 20, 1868. tf.

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES.

TATE & CULP

are now building a variety of

COACH WORK,

of the latest and most approved styles,

and constructed of the best material, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Having built our work with great care and of material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, we can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any, either in or out of the cities.

All we ask is an inspection of our work to convince those in want of any kind of vehicle, that this is the place to buy them.

REPAIRING IN EVERY BRANCH

done at short notice and on reasonable terms

Give us a call, at our Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg.

P. J. TATE,
W. E. CULP

March 19, 1868. tf.

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS.

THE undersigned have resumed the Carriage-making business,

AT THEIR OLD STAND,

In East Middle Street, Gettysburg, Pa.,

where they are prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., ON HAND,

which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

REPAIRING DONE WITH DESPATCH,

and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand and for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

DANNER & ZIEGLER.

July 10, 1865. tf

NEW COACH SHOPS.

YANTIS, ADAMS & CO.,

LITTLESTOWN, PA.

WE take this method of informing the public that we have established new Coach Shops at Littlestown, where we are prepared to manufacture to order all kinds of BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, SULKIES, &c., on the shortest notice and most accommodating terms. Our hands have been procured from Baltimore, and, as we use none but choice material, we can put up work to compete with any shop in the State. Old work repaired and taken in exchange for new.

Aug. 30, 1867. tf

NEW MACHINE SHOP

AT NEW OXFORD.

THE undersigned calls attention to his new Machine Shop, at New Oxford, Adams county, which he has put up, at large expense, with the determination to do good and satisfactory work. He will manufacture various kinds of

AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY,

such as THRASHING MACHINES, SPRING-TOOTH RAKES, &c.; and will keep the BUCKEYE REAPER & MOWER on hand for sale.

All descriptions of REPAIRING done promptly and as cheaply as possible.

He has in connection with his Machine Shop a STEAM SAW MILL, upon which he will do all kinds of work in that line.

He asks the public to call and give him a trial, and he guarantees full satisfaction.

JACOB STOCK.

March 13, 1868. 6m

A DESIRABLE

TOWN PROPERTY

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, the old DORBIN DWELLING, at the junction of the Taneytown and Emmittsburg roads, in the borough of Gettysburg. The house is substantially built, of stone, and contains twelve large rooms. There is a strong, never-failing Spring of first-rate water in the basement, and 1¼ Acres of Land connected with it. The location is a very pleasant one, and with a little additional outlay this could be made one of the most comfortable and desirable homes in the borough or its vicinity.

JOHN RUPP.

Nov. 15, 1867. tf

DR. R. HORNER,

PHYSICIAN AND DRUGGIST,

Office and Drug Store, CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG.

Medical advice without charge.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, STATIONERY, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, BRUSHES, TOILET ARTICLES, FINE STUFFS, SPICES, BAKING SODA, CREAM OF TARTAR, LAMPS, COAL OIL, &C., &C.

PURE LIQUORS for medicinal purposes.

Dr. R. Horner's OLIEN, a reliable remedy for chapped hands, rough skin, &c.

All articles warranted pure and genuine.

Dec. 27, 1867. tf

A FIRST-CLASS FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE,

WITHIN two miles of Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg road, with all necessary improvements, and in prime order. I will sell from 100 to 160 Acres, to suit purchasers. Terms reasonable. For further information, apply to

WM. WIBLE,
Gettysburg, Pa.

Sept. 27, 1867. tf

SMOKING and Chewing Tobaccos, Cigars and Pipes, at CUNNINGHAM'S.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

DIARYMEN, FARMERS,

AND OTHERS,

CONSIGN YOUR

ASHES, BEESWAX, BEANS,
BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS,
FLOUR AND FEED,
FLAX, COTTON,
FURS AND SKINS,
DRIED AND GREEN FRUITS,
GRAIN, WOOL, GAME,
POULTRY, NAVAL STORES,
HOPS, GINSENG, FEATHERS, HEMP, PROVISIONS,
OILS, LARD, TALLOW,
TOBACCO, SEEDS,
SORGHUM, MOLASSES, &C., &C., &C.

TO

JOSIAH CARPENTER,

General Commission Merchant,

442, 444 & 446 Washington Street,

NEW YORK CITY.

And receive his weekly *Price Current* of Produce and Groceries, the most complete Price Current published in the United States.

Send for a Price Current.

Marking Plates and Cards,

Furnished free.

Liberal Advances made on Consignments.

Established May 1st, 1860.

FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES GIVEN WHEN REQUIRED.

March 27, 1868. 1y

IN GREAT VARIETY,

PARASOLS,
FANS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
CORSETS, &C.,

AT

Row & Woods'.

May 29, 1868. tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF GETTYSBURG.

Notice to Holders of 7-30 Notes.

Last fall, when the privilege of converting the August 7-30 Notes expired, many persons who neglected to convert into 5-20 Bonds, or sell, lost the premium and the privilege of converting. It will be the same with the 7-30's maturing in June and July next, if not disposed of in time.

This Bank will either convert, or purchase, the 7-30's, allowing premium and interest.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Feb. 14, 1868. tf

LEWIS STROUSE

Has bought back his old stand, on Carlisle street, and is going into business again heavier than ever. He asks his old friends and the public to call.

NOTIONS, GROCERIES, CONFECTIONS, SEGARS, TOBACCOS, &C., &C., &C.,

in large variety, and a little cheaper than the cheapest. Don't forget the place—nearly opposite the Railroad Station.

Gettysburg, Oct. 11, 1867. tf

WM. C. STALLSMITH & SON,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

CARPENTERS AND CONTRACTORS,

Are prepared to do all kinds of Carpentering —contracting and erecting buildings of all kinds, Repairing, &c. They keep constantly on hand and manufacture to order,

DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES CORNICE,

DOOR & WINDOW BRACKETS,

And any other Article in the Building Line.

Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch.

☞Orders promptly attended to.

Sept. 20, 1867. tf

NEW SADDLER SHOP.

ON the Hill, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. —Constantly on hand, or made to order, all kinds of

RIDING SADDLES,
WAGON SADDLES,
CARRIAGE HARNESS,
DRAUGHT HARNESS,
RIDING BRIDLES,
BLIND BRIDLES,
COLLARS,
FLY-NETS, &c.,

as low as the lowest.

J. M. ROWE.

June 24, 1867. tf

CANNON'S

MARBLE WORKS,

On Baltimore Street, opposite the Court-House,

GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

Every description of work executed in the FINEST STYLE OF THE ART

June 4, 1865. tf

East Berlin Firm.

REBERT & HOOVER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FARMING IMPLEMENTS--

BUCKEYE REAPER AND MOWER;

BUCKEYE SELF-RAKER, Hoffheins' patent;

SELF-DISCHARGING WIRE HORSE RAKE, Shireman's patent;

BRAND'S PATENT WIRE HORSE RAKE; also

THE ROCKAWAY WIRE RAKE;

THRESHING MACHINES;

CORN PLANTERS, two kinds, Shireman's patent and Wambaugh's patent, York;

GRAIN DRILLS, Moore's patent;

CORN SHELLERS, Wambaugh's patent, &c.

All kinds of REPAIRING promptly attended to. Call and see what we can do.

REBERT & HOOVER,

East Berlin, Adams co., Pa.

Mar. 6, 1868. 4m

HOUSE PAINTING.

GEORGE A. WARNER, HOUSE PAINTER,

South Washington st., Gettysburg, Pa.

GOOD WORK AND MODERATE PRICES.

July 29, 1867.

VIOLINS, Flutes, Fifes, Flageolets, Accordeons, &c., at CUNNINGHAM'S.

THE POULTERER'S FRIEND, or Chicken Powders, for sale at HURER'S DRUG STORE.

DAVID McCREARY. JOHN F. McCREARY.

"Best always Cheapest."

THE Best and Cheapest

SADDLES, BRIDLES, COLLARS and HARNESS of all kinds, in the County, are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church—

McCREARYS'.

Our Riding and Wagon Saddles are the most substantially built and neatest.

Our Harness, (*plain and silver mounted,*) are complete in every respect and warranted to be of the very best material and workmanship.

Our upper leather Draft Collars CANNOT BE BEAT. They are the best FITTING and most durable.

Our Heavy Draft Harness are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner.

Riding Bridles, Whips, Lashes, Draft Hames, Fly-nets, and everything in the line. *None better or cheaper.*

Our prices have been REDUCED to the lowest living standard.

A liberal percentage for cash, on all bills amounting to $5 or more.

We work nothing but the best stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.

Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.

☞Give us a call and examine PRICES and QUALITY.

D. McCREARY & SON.

Jan. 31, 1868. tf

KLINGEL'S

BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM,

BALTIMORE STREET,

TWO DOORS SOUTH OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

THE undersigned has just returned from the city with the best and cheapest variety of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, for Spring and Summer, ever offered in Gettysburg. His stock consists of

LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
LADIES' COMMON GAITERS,
LADIES' KID SLIPPERS, all styles,
LADIES' MOROCCO BALMORALS,
IN LARGE VARIETY.
GENTS' FRENCH CALF BOOTS,
GENTS' AMERICAN CALF BOOTS,
GENTS' KIP BOOTS,
GENTS' CONGRESS GAITERS,
GENTS' CALF BALMORALS,
GENTS' SLIPPERS, all styles,
GENTS' BROGANS, &C., &C.
MISSES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
MISSES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
MISSES' MOROCCO BALMORALS,
&C., &C., &C., &C.
BOYS' CONGRESS GAITERS,
BOYS' CALF BALMORALS
BOYS' BROGANS, &C., &C.
INFANTS' SHOES, all styles,
IN LARGE VARIETY.

Also, Boots and Shoes of his own manufacture constantly on hand.

All will be sold at the lowest living profits. Buyers, from town and country, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere, feeling confident that I can please all who may call.

The MANUFACTURING of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters will also be carried on, in all its branches, as before. Repairing done on short notice. By employing none but first-class workmen, and using none but the choicest leather, he feels confident of maintaining his former reputation. Certainly nothing will be left undone to deserve it.

Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage.

D. H. KLINGEL.

Gettysburg, April 17, 1868.

TO FARMERS!

Pacific Guano Company's

SOLUBLE

PACIFIC GUANO!

PRICE REDUCED TO $56.00 PER TON.

THE USE OF THIS GUANO in Maryland for several years for Corn, Tobacco and other Spring Crops, as well as for Wheat, has established its excellence. It possesses all the quickness of Peruvian Guano, with permanent qualities not possessed by that article.

Experience has shown that this Guano ripens the Wheat crop from *five to six days* earlier than the Super Phosphates. It also ripens Tobacco earlier, and produces a crop of better quality. The Pacific Guano Company has authorized the above reduction in consequence of the depressed condition of the farming interests in the Southern States. It is the purpose of the Company to furnish the *best fertilizer at the lowest price*, which they are able to do by reason of their large capital and facilities. The Guano is warranted same in quality as heretofore sold by us.

JOHN S. REESE & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE COMPANY,
71 South Street, Baltimore.

For sale by McCURDY & HAMILTON, Gettysburg.

March 27, 1868. 6m

HAY AND GRAIN

WANTED.

THE undersigned would announce to the citizens of Adams county that they still carry on the

GRAIN AND HAY BUSINESS,

at the old stand, GRANITE STATION, on the Gettysburg Railroad. They are prepared to pay the highest prices for GRAIN AND HAY. They keep all kinds of

GROCERIES, SALT, GUANOS,

&c., which they will sell at the smallest profits. Give us a call and see for yourselves.

PHILIP HANN & SONS.

Dec. 20, 1867. 1y

CABINET-MAKING.

Wm. H. Stidler,

HAVING located in the town of NEW OXFORD, Adams county, will carry on the business of Cabinet-making, in all its branches.

FURNITURE

kept on hand and made to order. He will also keep for sale a choice assortment of

CHAIRS.

He invites the citizens of the town and surrounding country to give him a